

APPENDIX

THE COMPARATIVE STUDY OF  
INDUSTRIAL ESTATES IN KULHUR

A) AVAILABILITY OF LAND AND ITS UTILISATION:

1. Total area planned for acquisition in hectare (a) \_\_\_\_\_
2. Total area in possession in hectare (b) \_\_\_\_\_
3. Difference in hectare (a) - (b) \_\_\_\_\_
4. Reasons for not acquiring the planned area:
  1. ....
  2. ....
  3. ....
  4. ....
5. Present utilisation of land in possession.

Land	Size in Sq. Mt. (a)	No. of Plots (b)	Total Sq.Mt. (a) x (b)	Hectare
A. Plots:				
	Large			
	Medium			
	Small			
B. Factory Plots:				
	Large			
	Medium			
	Small			



5. Industrywise break-up of allotment of plots as on March, 1987:

Total No. of plots allotted	Industries	Allotment of plots
	Agro based	
	Metal & Metal products	
	Engineering	
	Chemical	
	Miscellaneous	
	Electrical	
	TOTAL	

6. Now many plots are functioning amongst the allotted plots ? \_\_\_\_\_

7. How many plots are defunct among the allotted plots ? \_\_\_\_\_

8. Reasons for non-functioning of plots

1. ....

2. ....

3. ....

4. ....

9. Land utilisation capacity:

1.  $\frac{\text{Allotted plots}}{\text{Total Plots}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $\frac{\text{Functioning Plots}}{\text{Allotted plots}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

10. Industrywise functioning plots:

Industries	Allotted Plots	Functioning Plots
1. Agro based		
2. Metal & Metal Products		
3. Engineering		
4. Chemical		
5. Electrical		
6. Miscellaneous		

11. Average amount of investment per plot:

1. Cost of acquisition of land	Rs.	_____
2. Land Development expenses, if incurred	Rs.	_____
3. Cost of infrastructure facilities	Rs.	_____
4. Other preliminary expenses	s.	_____
<b>TOTAL COST</b>	Rs.	_____

12. Average amount of investment per plot: (Fixed Capital)

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 3 + 4}{\text{Total No. of plots}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

13. The mode of allotment of plots:

1. Outright selling	_____
2. Lease	_____
3. Rental	_____

14. Break-up of the total number of plots, size wise:

	<u>Size</u>	<u>No. of plots</u>
1. Large		
2. Medium		
3. Small		

15. Total No. of plots, according to the mode of selling:

	<u>Large</u>	<u>Medium</u>	<u>Small</u>
1. Outright Selling			
2. Lease			
3. Rental			
TOTAL			

16. Efficiency of the industrial units:

1. Productivity of labour:

(a) Total No. of Units \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Total employment generated by the units \_\_\_\_\_

2. Average employment per unit:

$\frac{\text{Total employment}}{\text{Total No. of units}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. Classification of employment per unit:

(a) Permanent \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Seasonal \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Casual \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL \_\_\_\_\_

4. Average permanent employment per unit:

$\frac{\text{Permanent employment of all the units}}{\text{Total number of units}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

17. Standard hours of work per day \_\_\_\_\_

18. Working days in a month \_\_\_\_\_

19. Average output per worker per day \_\_\_\_\_

20. Production of output per day:

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Total number of} \\ \text{employment in a} \\ \text{unit} \end{array} \quad \times \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Number of} \\ \text{outputs} \\ \text{in a day} \end{array} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (a)$$

21. Production of output in a month:

$$(a) \quad \times \quad \text{Working days} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

22. Average production of labour in a month:

$$\frac{\text{Production of output in a month}}{\text{Total No. of employment in a unit}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

23. Industrywise average product by labour per month:

---

Class of Industry	Average product by labour per month
-------------------	-------------------------------------

---

1. Agro based

2. Metal and Metal Products:

3. Engineering

4. Chemical

5. Electrical

6. Miscellaneous

---

24. Productivity of labour:

$$\frac{\text{Net value added}}{\text{Total No. of employment}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\text{Net value added} = \text{Sales value (-) Cost of Manufacture}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Productivity of capital

25. How much fixed capital did you require to establish the units?
- |  |           |
|--|-----------|
| 1. Cost of plot  | Rs. _____ |
| 2. Expenditure on erecting the building                | Rs. _____ |
| 3. Expenditure for buying the machinery and equipments | Rs. _____ |
| TOTAL COST:  | Rs. _____ |
26. Depreciation of machines, equipments and buildings per year Rs. \_\_\_\_\_
27. Depreciation of machines, equipments and buildings per month Rs. \_\_\_\_\_
28. How much working capital do you require per month for
- |  |           |
|--|-----------|
| 1. Purchase of raw material                                      | Rs. _____ |
| 2. Payment of wages  | Rs. _____ |
| 3. Power bill  | Rs. _____ |
| 4. Transport charges   | Rs. _____ |
| 5. Stationery, postage & package                                 | Rs. _____ |
| 6. Commission or brokerage                                       | Rs. _____ |
| 7. Sub-contracts of work   | Rs. _____ |
| 8. Octroi charges  | Rs. _____ |
| 9. Expenditure on certain labour welfare activities              | Rs. _____ |
| 10. Depreciation of machines, equipments and buildings per month | Rs. _____ |
| TOTAL  | Rs. _____ |
29. Productivity of capital:
- |                        |   |       |
|------------------------|---|-------|
| <u>Net value added</u> | = | _____ |
| Working Capital        |   |       |

30. Average productivity of capital in a month:

Total No. of outputs of all  
the units in a month

-----  
Total working capital  
required of all the units  
in a month

31. Efficiency of the industrial units =  $\frac{\text{Productivity of labour in a month}}{\text{Productivity of capital in a month}}$

RETURNS ON INVESTMENT:

32. Capital employed by the entrepreneur: Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

1. Cost of plot Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

2. Expenditure on erecting the building Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Preliminary expenditure Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Cost of machinery and equipments Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Depreciation Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

6. Rent Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

7. Cost on purchase of raw material Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Payments of workers Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

9. Water Bill Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Light Bill Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

11. Octroi Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

12. Transport charge for carrying the raw material and finished goods Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

13. Transport charges on personnel Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

14. Cost on stationery, postage and package Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

15. Expenditure on welfare activities Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL COST : Rs. \_\_\_\_\_

Return on investment =  $\frac{\text{Gross profit}}{\text{Capital employed by entrepreneurs}}$