## 2. Hypothesis and Research Design:

The object of this werk is to evaluate as precisely as possible the proficiency in Englinh of the ifst gear Arte undergraduates of Solapar Region. There is a general feeling that the firet year Arta undergraduates these daye are very deficient in theix knowledge of English. One often hear remarks like they are incapable of writing a ingle correot sentenco in Englisi. This charge is olearly vagre and does not tell us anything precisely about either their deficiencies or their strengths.

The hypothesis of this investigation was that the $f$ ir me year Arts undergraduates of Solapur region largely fail to attain the standarde that they are expected to attain. In order to test this hypothesis the following researoh design was ovolved.

### 2.1 Dealan

[^0]as comprehensive as possible covering the important aspecte of lenguage ability. It was decided to test the size of vocabulary, strmetures, Reading conprehension and pronunciation including stress, weak forms and intonation. The test evolved thus was designed to assess their overall language ability. The pesent investigation was expected to provide a rongh estimate of the first year Arte undergraduates of solapur region and their langeage equipment.
An elaborate battery of tests comprising
items to test a large part of the prescribed
vocabulary and certain proven items for testing
the overall language ability was constructed. The
tent was administered to a gizeable, stratified
representative mample of the firet year Arts
undergraduates of solapur region of Shivaji
University of the year 1992 . The findings of the
investigation are reported in this work.

### 2.2 Methodology


#### Abstract

Both for writton and epoken Eng1in the teat was desigmed to evaluate language skills of the Etudente. The vocabulary test was deaigned to test minly active vocabulary and the itene puoh as fill in the blanks and maltiple cholee were given. For testing gramatioal etructures iteme set were supposed te test the areas of grammar such as question foris, tag questions, tense forme, use of prepositions and medal auxiliaries to. m the reading comprehension tent a passage was given and question wore asked on the basis of what is etated or inplied in the pasage. To test the over-all language ability of the atndents a pasage was given for cloze teet in wich twenty blank were lapt.

For epoken Englin test, the item were given to test sound discrimination, word etress, weak forms, and intonation. For the sound discrimination, twenty pairs of worde wore given and the students Were asked to read the paire of words aload.


#### Abstract

This was to see if they could make sound discrinination between two worde recognizing/using correct vowelt at well at consonant sounde. In the word stress test, thity words were given for lond reading. To teat the veak form ten sentences were given and they were askod to read then alond. And In the intenation test twenty sentences were given for reading alowd so that their nee of tones would be tested.


Testing Language Prof io lency:

The proficiency test thus designed measures mat etudents have learned and its ain ugually is to deterimine wether the ability displayed by the testees in the tent corresponds to apecifio language requiremente. The test has premetermined set of the following eategories with the weightage in terme of marks shown against then.

| Sr | category |  | ks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | The use of vocabulary items | - | 20 |
| 2) | The use of structural components | . | 20 |
| 3) | Reading comprehension | -• | 10 |
| 4) | Cloze test | - | 20 |
| $5)$ | Sound diserimination | -• | 20 |
| 6) | Word atresa | - | 30 |
| 7) | Sentences for weak forme | -• | 10 |
| 8) | Sentences for intonation | - | 20 |
| Total .. 150 |  |  |  |

Ont of 150 items almost all the iteas are of multiple choice type designed to elioit specifio responses from the students. In all (100) hundred P.I.B.A. atudenta from Solapur region of Shivaji University took the test.

Subjects and procedure:

The test was administered te the first yoar Arts undergraduates of solapur region of shivaji University. Ten colleges were selected to oover

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the total district and the test was given to the
randonly selected ten studente from each of the
following colleges :-
Sr.No. Name of the College
    1. Shri.Sant Damaji Mahavidyalaya, Mangalwedha,
    2. Sangola College, Sangola.
    3. Pandhay pur College, Pandharpurr.
    4. Shankarrao mohite Mahavidyalaya, Akluj
    5. D.B.F.Dayanand College of Arts & Science,
        Solapur .
    6. Chhatrapati shivaji Night college, solapur.
    7. Deshbhakt Sambhaji Garad Mhavidyalaya, Mohol.
    8. Arts and Commerce College, Macha.
    9. Shriman Ehausaheb gadbuke Mahavidyalaya,
        Barah 1.
    10. Tashwantrao Chavan College, Karmala.
```

The written test of forty five minutes duration was administered at different times from October 1991 to February 1992 and from the above mentioned ten colleges hundred samples were collected. At the same time, simultaneously
spoken test samples were also recorded.

It will be noticed that ont of 16 Arts Colleges from the Solapur district as many as 10 colleges have been represented in our sample. The scatter of these colleges over the geographical area is shown in the figure NO. 1 .

Solapur Distriot تith colleges plotted.


Thus it is clear that our sample eatisfies the major conditions for being considered as: a stratified randon sample representative of the student population i.e. the Solapur distriot P.I.B.A. students.

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-- 20 --
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The resulte obtained on the basis of the test could be used for making general statements regarding the language ability of the first year Arte undergraduates of solapur region as a wole.
2.5 Resulte And Discuesion of Writing Skills:-
2.5.1 Vocabulary:

Oxford Advanced Learner 's Dictionary of Current English by A. S. Fornby defines vocabulary " as a total number of worde which make up to a language woras known to, or used by a person in a trade, profession etc. ${ }^{9}$. New webster 's Dictionary of the Englisa language defines vocabulary "as the stock or words used by a people, or by a particular class or person, a list or collection of the words of a language, book, author branch of science or like usually in alphabetical order and defined the words of a language a word-book glossary, dictionary or lexicon, the sum or scope of one's expressive techniques as in the arts $\mathbf{1 0}^{0}$

While selecting the itens for the stadente at B.A.I level, it is believed that the words from the General Serviee List are supposed to have been covered by the students. Ia this test wat is aimed at is to assess their ability to recognize the maning of the words in meaningiul contexts: Most of these words are in 'General Service List' that Is a head word, and all its most frequent connotative maninge .

$$
\text { Yocabulary test }- \text { - section }- \text { I (A) }
$$

In this section the item consists of an incomplete sentence. Below the sentence are 3 chotces. And the students were asked to f ind the one choice which best completes the sentence and marks the answer with a tiok maxk.

The following is the list of correct antwers :-

1. recognize, 2. steep, 3.vary,
2. agony
3. Irantically 6. deceptive,
4. esatter:
5. inpressive, 9. accommodate, 10.management.
Item No. 1 : I was able to -------- my friend
though $I$ met $h$ in after many years.
Choices : (a) see (b) recognize, (c) reach,
is answered correctly by $42 \%$ students.
Item No. 2 : The sides of the mountain are very
-------- and therefore difficult
to climb.
Choices : (a) steep (b) plain (c) reach
is answered correctly by $57 \%$ students.
Item No. 3 : Prices --..-- from shop to shop in this city.
Choices : (a) rise
(b) 1 all
(c) vary is answered correctly by 23 students.
Item No. 4 : He could not bear the ------ of separation.
Choices : (a) agony (b) happiness (c) honesty Is answered correctly by $2 \%$ students.
Item No, 5 : The drowning man was ----- shouting for help.
Choices
: (a) anxiously (b) frantically
(c) 1:onesty,
is answered correctly by $40 \%$ students.


## Item-wise marki

| Item NOA. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Answered correctly (out of $4 \mathbf{1 0 0}$ ) | 42 | 57 | 23 | 29 | 40 | 43 | 52 | 73 | 18 | 59 |

the chart shows that the highest number of students Ifind the item NO. 8 the easient as it is answered correctly by $73 \%$ students and Iten No. 9 , the mogt dificult a it 1s angwered correctly by only $18 \%$ etudente. Similarly, Items No. 3 s 4 were difficult to anewer as these were answered correctly by $23 \%$ and $29 \%$ students respectively. Item Nos. 1,5 and 6 were neither difficult nor easy for the etudents as these were answered correotly by $42 \%$, $40 \%$ and $43 \%$ respectively. Items NO. 2,7 and 10 were rather easy for then as these were answered correctly by $57 \%, 52 \%$ and $5 \%$ respectively. It will be seen from the chart that the mord 'accommodate' is quite dificult for the students and the sane case is with words suoh se 'vary' and 'agony'. The average students have toe knowledge of the words lite 'recognize', 'frantically', 'deceptive' and it is seen fron the result sheet that the words like 'steep', 'scatter', 'impressive' and 'management' are quite familiar to them.

## Vocabulary Test Result into 3 subgroupe



It will be seea from the aboye division that $40 \%$ students are in the unper group, $30 \%$ in the Hiddle group aide $30 \%$ in the lower group. This shows that $60 \%$ students are in the widdle and lower group.

## Vocabulary Test Section-I (B)

In the sec and section of ten items in each sentence of this seation the word is underlined. Below each senteice are ? choices. The etudents were asked to choose the one which would be a substitute for the underlined word.

The following is the list of correct answers.
11 Notice, 12 Make known, 13. mant, 14. Sad, 15. Courage, 16. have a strong with, 17. Conplain, 18. Copy the bchaviour of, 19. tired, 20 .entertainment. -

Item No. 11 : She noted that his hands were dirty. Choices : (a) notice (b) write down (c) hate Is answered correctly by $55 \%$ students.

Item No. 12 : The doctor did not reveal to her ils hopeless condition.

Choices : (a) make known (b) display (c) show. is answered correctly by $24 \%$ students.

Item NO. 13: I wish there to be no misunderstanding on his matter.

Choices : $(x)$ arguo (b) say (c) want.
Item No. 14 : Don's look on the dark side of things
Choioes
: (a) black (b) sad (c) unclear
is answered correctly by $22 \%$ students.

Iten No. 15 : He is a man of great entorprise
Choices
: (a) courage (b) understanding (c) honesty
is answered correctly by 45\% students.


Itam No. 20: Bill couldn't hide his amusement at his follisheimistakes.

Choices
$:$
(a) anger (b) enter tainment
(c) happiness.
is answered correctly by $31 \%$ students.

Iter-wise Mark

| Item Nos. | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Angwered <br> correctil <br> (out of 100 ) | 55 | 24 | 55 | 22 | 45 | 21 | 30 | 55 | 55 | 31 |

The result sheet shows that the students found item Nos. 12 , 14, 16,17 and 20 difficult. Item Noa. 11, 13, 15, 18, and 19 were rather easy for then. It will be seen from the above result 由eet thet most of the studente could not substitute 'reveal' by 'wake known' 'dark' by 'ead' 'dying' by 'have a strong wioh' 'grumbled' by 'complain' amusement' by 'entertainment' in tie contexts povided. On the contrary, they thad no difficulty in identifying the substitutes for noted by 'notice', vich by 'mant' enterprise by'courage; imitate by'copy the behaviour of ' and oxhausted by'tired!

## Vocabulary Teat Rosult into 3 sub-gronps.

| Upper Group <br> (above 50) | Middle Group <br> $(10$ to 50 | Lower Group <br> (below 40) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 | 45 | 31 |
| 55 | -- | 30 |
| 55 | - | 24 |
| 55 | -- | 22 |
| -- | -- | 21 |

In this result cheet the students are grouped into three groape nanely (1) upper group (2) Middle group and (3) Lower Group. It will be noticed from the chart at $40 \%$ students are in the upper group, $10 \%$ In the iddle group and $50 \%$ in the lower group. Again the majority of the students are placed in the lower group.

Struoture

It is believed that by the time the students come to BeA. I, they would have learnt all the essential structures of Englifh. Mnon and Patel (1957) suggest that the essential structures of English should be taught with in the first four years. In 1964 A.E. Subramanian claimed that experienced teachers found It possible to teach the essential atructures of English in the first four years of Engligh.

In the seminar on text books held at the central institute of English and foreign languages. Hydrabad in December 1972 , George proposed that, "The essential principles of English sentence structure should be taught alongwith the first thousand to fifteen hundred
(1000 to 1500) words selected for the teaching.
B.A. I Studente have studied English for oight years. And it is taken for granted that they havo mastered all the essential structures of English. That is why, wile selecting the items there isino restriction of the limited structures.

In this structure test twenty items were
selected. Each problen in th is section consists of an incomplete sentence. inree mords maked A.B.C. were given neneath the sentence and the students were asiced tu chouse the one word that best completes the sentence. The itens set are supposed to have the following areas of gramar, question forf, tag questions, tense forme, use of prepositions, modal auxiliaries etc.

The correct answers are as follows :21. have, 22. since, 23. hasn't she, 24. will, 25. had bnown, 26 . speak, 27. do, 28. could, 29. ever, 30. theirs, 31. as $h$ igh to, 32. do you, 33. for, 34. their, 35, to, 36 . would have, 37 . he is doing, 38. to sleep, 39. anything, 40. if 1 will be late



Iten No. 34 : the crowd rushed forward to have a glimpee of ---------- leader.

Choices
: (a) their
(b) its
(c) his.
is answored correctly by $61 \%$ students.
Iten No. 35 : India is committed ------ the policy of non-aligmeent.

Choices
: (a) to (b) for (c) with is answered correctly by $23 \%$ students.

Iten No. 36 : If I had the ohoice, I ------- tayed on.

Choices
: (a) had (b) had had (c) would have is answered correctly by $70 \%$ students.

Iten No. 37 I asked him that
Choices : f(a) he has done (b) he is doing
(c) he had done.
is answered correctly by $36 \%$ students.

Iten No. 38 : He took liking ---- the wole day.
Choices : (a) to sleep (b) to have slept
(c) to leeping.
is answered correctly by 66\% students.
Iten No. 39 : He couldn't see ----- as it mas very dark.
Choices
: (a) anything (b) nothing (c) none.
is answered correctly by $53 \%$ atudents.

Iten No. 40 : ------ don't wait for me.
Choices : (a) If I shall be late
(b) If I will be late
(c) If I am late.
is answered correctly by $31 \%$ students.

Item-wise markn.

| Iter Nos. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Answored correctly (out of 100) | 58 | 52 | 74 | 47 | 42 | 18 | 18 | 45 | 34 | 29 |
| Item Nos. | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| Angwered correctly (out of 100) | 37 | 70 | 50 | 61 | 23 | 70 | 36 | 66 | 53 | 31 |

The result sheet thow that the mariman and minimum marks obtained were 74\% and $18 \%$ respectively.

Structure Test Results into 3 sub-groupas.

| Opper group | Middle group | Lower group |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (above 60\%) | (between 45 to 60) | (below 45) |


| 74 | 58 | 42 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 70 | 53 | 37 |
| 70 | 52 | 36 |
| 66 | 50 | 34 |
| $-\cdots$ | 48 | 31 |
|  | 47 | 29 |
|  |  | 23 |

25\% students belong to the 'Upper Group', 35\% students to the 'Middle Group' and $40 \%$ students to the 'Lower Group'. This means 75\% students belong to the midde and lowor groupm and only $25 \%$ students are in the upper group. From these figures, we may conclude that the students encounter problema in the use of structures.

It is notioed that the tag question form is easier for the students. There are two tag question forms in the struoture test items and these are answered correctly by T4 and $70 \%$ students respectively.

It is seen that the question forms are difficult for the students. There are two basic avxiliary tense forms and these are answered correctly by 58\% and 18\% atudents respectively. It is found that the modal auxiliary question forme are neither easy nor difficult for the students. They are answered correctly by $47 \%$ and $45 \%$ tudents respectively.

There are three questions on the use of prepositions. They are answered correctly by 52\%, $50 \%$ and $23 \%$ students. The use of prepositions is found to be somemat difficult for the students.

The students found the use of reflexive pronouns somenat difficult. There are two iteme used in the structure test. They are answered correctly by 29 and $61 \%$ gtudents.

The result indicates the use of degree is also somemat difficult for the students. There are two iters in the structure test. They are answered correctly by 67\% and 37\% studente. To conclude, we can say that the following items were quite easy for the students. Iten Nos. 23, 32, 34, 36, 38. These were answered correctly by $74 \%$ studente, $70 \%, 61 \%$, 70\%, 66\% respectively. On the contrary, the following items were difficult for the students. Item Nos. 27, 29, 30, 35, 37 and 40 . These were answered correctly by $18 \%, 34 \%, 29 \%, 23 \%, 36 \%$, : 31\% students respectively.
2.5.3 Roading comprehension :

No two persons agree on the definition of
"reading comprehension". Comprehension is a construct i.e. it cannot be directly observed or measured. Bach one coaveniently defines it according to what is mot suitable to him .

It is, for our purpose, defined as a complete interactive and intellectual proces involving a number of abilities. The two major abilities involved are 'word meanings' and 'verbal reasoning' without these two, there would be no reading comprehension and subsequently without any reading comprehension there would be no reading.

Forhaps, it is not irrelevant to quote Thorndike here. He observed that "reading (comprohension) is a very elaborate procedure, involving a weighing of each of many elements in a sentence, their organiation in the proper relation one to another and the co-operation of many forces to determine final response". Today, investigators are still exploring reading comprehension in attempts to
understand it better and through the years many have expounded upon thorndike's theory.
" Paycholinguistics and cognitive paychology have influenced researches done on the process of understanding the studies, however, are neither conclusive nor comprehensive. It is not easy to eay that if a reader were to follow certain prescribed rules, she would most assuredly have better comprehension. What is evident fron these researches is the growing attention given to text atructure and reader ."

In this reading comprehension test a passage of about 110 words was given mich runs into 10 lines and has neatly 9 difficult words. There is one difficult word after every 12 words. The students were asked to read the passage carefully and answer all the questions following the passage on the basis of what is stated or implied in the passage. Ten questions were framed on the basis of the passage. Each item is followed by three choices marked (a), (b), (c) and the students were asked to mark the correct oh olo.


#### Abstract

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\section*{Passage for Reading Comprehension}

Do you ever think of the rivers of India ?

They are our greatest natural assets. Aren't there hundreds of them watering our land and making it green and fertile? Aren't they natural highways linking the towns with the villages? And ien't they great beauty In then? There is guch variety too. There are navigable rivers especially in Bengal and Kerala. Tere are raging torrente wion leap from the mountaine down te the deep gorges. There are huge rivers which sometimes burst their banks and flood the side. And In tribute to their strength and beanty. We have always held them sacred. To love India is to love her rivers, big and mall.


Item-wise Marks.
Iten Nos. $41 \quad 42 \quad 43 \quad 44 \quad 45 \quad 46$

Answered $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { correctly } & 72 & 64 & 95 & 60 & 52 & 67 & 37 & 19 & 36 & 35\end{array}$ (out of 100)

Result sheet of the reading comprehension test
shows that maximun $95 \%$ and minimum $19 \%$ mark were obtained.

$$
-\quad 40-\infty
$$

The following are the correct anawera given below. 41. India's river, 42. hundreds of, 43. Bengal and Kerala, 44. Mostly useful but sometines hariful, 45. respected greatly, 46. anything valuable, 47. Where chips and boats can eail, 48. an opening between hills, 49. branch of a river, 50. something considered as religious.

Item No. 41 : Which of the following titles suit the pasage beat ?

Choices : (a) Rivers and their uses (b) Rivers and their dangers,
(c) maia's rivers, is correctly answered by $72 \%$ atudents.

Iten No. 42 , There are ------- rivers in India ?
Choices : (a) only a fow (b) indefinite number of (c) hundreds of 1s answered correctly by 64\% atmente.

Iton No. 43 : Rivers in which hips can sail are mostly in ------

Choises : (a) Bengal only
(b) Kerala only
(c) Bengal and Kerala
is anmwered correctly by $95 \%$ students.

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Iter NO. 44 Rivers in India are --m-m-


Iten No. 45 : Indian rivors are

Choloes (a) alwaye flooded
(b) respected greatly,
(c) loyed but not respected.
is answered correctly by $52 \%$ students.

Iten No. 18 : Choose the best explanation according to the context?
-Assets"
Choioes (a) anything aereeable
(b) anyting valuable
(c) angthing desirable,

1s answered correctly by $67 \%$ students.

Item No. 47 : Navigable"
Chooge
(a) uhere stips and boats can sail,
(b) where ohips and boats can be properly gulded.
(c) were inips and boats can be in danger

1s answered correctly by $37 \%$ etudents.
13039

## Item No. 48 : 'George'



Item No. 49 : 'Tribute"
Choices : (a) branch of a river,
(b) payment extracted from another government,
(c) something done to ow admiration
is quswered correctly by $36 \%$ tudents.

Item NO. 50: 'Sacred"
Choices : (a) something not to be shared with others,
(b) sonething considered as roligious,
(c) something that is zoat loveable,
is answered correctly by $35 \%$ students.

Rosding compreheasion result sheet shows that out of ten itens stufents found four the easiest and Pour dificult.


We may conclude from the above analysis that the Reading comprehension Test is neither easy nor difficult for the students. However, considering the level of learning the students were expected to do better.

In the cloze test portions of a written passage are blanked out and the student is asked to provide the misaing words or words. The cloze technique is becoming popular and useful as an overall language proficiency test as well as a reading comprehension test.
(Darnell 1968 , Anderson 1971 , Jongema 1971, 011er 1972, Robinson 1972)

The tern 'Cloze' was pirst used by Taylor ${ }^{12}$
(1953) to refer to a type or test originally designed to measure the readability of a passage of prose. The procedure was to select a reading passage and delete every 7 th word in it and renlace it with a blank space. the students were required to comple te the passage by filling in the blanke with suitable words. The average scores over a large group of students

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#### Abstract

obtained in this test were used to measure the readability or suitability of the passage for reading at a given level. "the term 'cloze' wased with the notion of Gestalt's 'Closure' in mind referring to the natural human Paychological tendancy to fill in the gaps in patterns. Initially the cloze procedure cane to be adopted as a tool for measuring the reading comprehension of native students. Now it is being used to masure not only comprehension but overall language ability also in the case of second language. This is due to new interpretations of the rational beh ind oloze procedure. To decode the message cloze procedure requires the seader to construct the matilated language pattern by $m$ king the most likely replacoment in the light of $h$ is language system and the grammatical and semantic cues that are available. ${ }^{1}$ (Anderson 1971 )


From the dincussions above it would appear that the clozc techniciae holcs great promise for testing overall language ability including perhaps the size of vocabulayy. for using the cloze technique to assess the size of atudents vocabulary it would be
necessary to develop batteries of cloze tests appropriate for different levels.

The correct answers of the test given are as follow: :-

| 1. 1t. | 2. out | 3. inside | 4. a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. a | 6. twelve | 7. woman's | 8. and |
| 9. station | 10. sergeant | 11. sergeant | 12. and |
| 13. the, | 14.me, | 15. Ainner | 16. mine, |
| 17. a | 18. be | 19. moman's | 20. not. |

## Presare for cloze tent

Fead the following passage carefully and fill in the blank: with appropriate word. Do not 1111 more than one word in each blank.

Thile I was walking along the road, the other day I happened to notice a small brown leather purse lying on the parement. I picked it up and opened----to see if I could find ------- the owner's name. There was nothing ------ it except some amall change and rather old photograp a picture of
woman and a young girl about ------- years old, who looked like the --------- daughter. I put the photograph back --------took the puurse to the police

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---------- Where I handed it to the ------- in charge.
Before I left the ------- made a note of my name -----
address in case the owner of ------- purse wanted to
write and thank -------
    That evening I went to have ------- with an
uncle and aunt of ------- mey had also invited
another person, -------- young woman, so that there
would ------- four people at table. The young --------
face mas familiar, but I could ------- remember
where I had seen it.
```

Item-mine Markg.

| Item NOE. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |  | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ```Answered correctly (out of 100)``` | 42 | 10 | 28 | 5 | 48 | 28 |  | 14 |  | 31 |  | 36 | 11 |
| Iten Nos. | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |  | 15 | 16 |  | 17 |  | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| Answered <br> correctly (out of 100) | 18 | 87 | 44 | 27 |  | 02 | 05 |  | 22 |  | 32 | 39 | 73 |

The above result sheet shows that maximum mark obtained were 73\% and minimum 2 2 .

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Item No. 3 : Blank word 'inside' is filled correctly
    by 28% studente.
Item No. &: Blank word 'a' is filled correctly
    by 5% students.
Iten NO. 5 : Blank mord 'a' is filled correctly
    by 48% atudente.
Item NO.6 : Blank word 'twelve' is filled correotly by \(20 \%\) students.
Item No. T & Blank word 'moman's' is filled
    correctly by 14% students.
Item NO. 8 : Blank word 'and' is filled correctly
    my 31% students.
Item No. 9: Blank werd 'station' is filled correctly
    by 36% students.
Iten N0.10 : Blank word 'sergeant' is filled correctly
    by 36% students.
Iten No. 11 : Blank word 'sergeant' is filled correctly by \(18 \%\) studente.
```



```
-= 50 --
```

| Upper Group | Mdde Group | Lower Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -- | 39 | 28 |
| -- | 36 | 27 |
| -- | -- | 22 |
| - | -- | 18 |
| -- | -- | 14 |
| -- | -- | 11 |
| -- | -- | 10 |
| -- | -- | 05 |
| -- | -- | 05 |
| -- | -- | 02 |
| 10\% | ------ | 65\% |

It will be seen from the above analysis that $10 \%$ students belong to the upper group, $25 \%$ students to the middle group and 65\% students to the lower group. The cloze test technique is somernat new to the studente. To the majority of the students it was difficult one and majority of the studenta failed in the cloze teat. They failed in producing a contextually meaningful word. The cloze teat passage


#### Abstract

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1a simple one but it is noticed that ont of 100 (hundred) students 35 haven't attempted this cloze test. Theg filled up the blaaks randonly, with out paying mach attention to the contextual meaning. Of all the total witten tests this cloze test is somewhat new and difficult for the students.


$$
0-0-0-0-0-6-0-0-0=0
$$


[^0]:    A test of attainments of the inst Jear Arts undergraduate of Solapur region mas planned to be

