
CHAPTER I

***RESEARCH DESIGN AND
METHODOLOGY OF THE STUDY***

CHAPTER - I

RESEARCH DESIGN AND METHODOLOGY OF THE STUDY

1.1 THE TITLE OF THE STUDY:-

The title of the study is 'A study of working capital of Bhadra Sahakari Sakkare Karkhane Niyamit, Doddabathi (Karnataka) from 1984-85 to 1989-90.'

1.2 SCOPE OF THE STUDY:-

The study is concerned with working capital of Bhadra Sahakari Sakkare Karkhane Niyamit, Doddabathi covering six financial years from 1984-85 to 1989-90.

1.3. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:-

The present study is taken up with the following objectives:-

1. To study the different forms of working capital existing in Bhadra Sahakari Sakkare Karkhane Niyamit, Doddabathi.
2. To examine the trend of gross working capital for a period of six financial years from 1984-1985 to 1989-1990.
3. To study the trend of net working capital from 1984-1985 to 1989-1990.
4. To study the trend of current liabilities from 1984-1985 to 1989-1990.
5. To study to trend of working capital loans secured by the factory from 1984-1985 to 1989-1990.
6. To evaluate the efficiency of working capital management.
7. To make an analytical study with regard to the funds flow statement.
8. To draw the inferences based on the above objective.

9. To suggest remedial measures in the light of the conclusions and observations drawn to have an efficient working capital management in Bhadra Sahakari Sakkare Karkhane Niyamit, Doddabathi.

1.4. METHODOLOGY OF THE STUDY:-

A case study method is adopted for the present study, confined to the six years period i.e., from 1984-1985 to 1989-1990.

" Case study is a method of finding and analysing the life of a social unit. Unit means a person, a family, Institution, Culture group or even an entire community".

Case study involves investigation, useful findings and positive suggestions for improving the case and helping the similar cases.

1.5. SOURCES OF DATA COLLECTION:-

The data has been collected through primary and Secondary sources.

a. PRIMARY SOURCE:-

Under this the researcher collected the data by conducting interviews with the officials of the factory. This is an oral type and the information was exchanged face to face.

b. SECONDARY SOURCES:-

Under this the researcher had access to the factory records, the annual reports of the factory and books of various libraries including shahu - Institute and Bar. Khardekar's Library, Shivaji University Kolhapur.

1.6. LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY:-

1. This is a case study method and the study is limited to one factory due to the non-availability of relevant financial information from different factories.

2. The duration taken up for the study is limited to six years i.e., 1984-1985 to 1989-1990, due to the absence of previous data in the organisation.

1.7. OUTLINE OF THE CHAPTER SCHEME:-

CHAPTER - I

RESEARCH DESIGN AND METHODOLOGY:-

This chapter describes the research design and methodology of the study. It also gives an account of the various objectives of the study.

CHAPTER - II

CONCEPTUAL FRAME WORK:-

In this chapter the theoretical framework of the various concepts of working capital have been highlighted.

CHAPTER - III

REVIEW OF PAST LITERATURE:-

This chapter deals with the review of past related literature.

CHAPTER - IV

PROFILE OF DAVANGERE TALUK AND THE ORGANISATION UNDER STUDY:-

This chapter gives an account of the history of Davangere Taluk and the organisation taken up for study.

CHAPTER - V.

SUGAR INDUSTRY IN INDIA:-

This chapter highlights the origin and growth of sugar industry in india. This also bringsout the importance of Co-Operative Sugar Factories and their role in building up the Socio-Economic status of rural areas.

CHAPTER - VI

DATA PRESENTATION AND INTERPRETATION:-

This chapter includes data presentation and interpretation. The unique features of each item have been highlighted in this chapter.

CHAPTER - VII

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS:-

This chapter bringsout the conclusions of the working capital management of Bhadra Sahakari Sakkare Karkhane Niyamit, Doddabathi and gives suggestions which may be complied with to have an efficient working capital management.

REFERENCES:-

1. SHARMA R.A.

Fundamentals of Educational Research International Publishing House, meerut 1985 - Page No: 265.