

- Prof. R. K. Bancal mile discussing poken English in India, offers the following comment ${ }^{13}$ " English as spoken by educated people in India does not diffor radically from native Englich in gramar and vocabulary, but in pronunciation it is different from both British and Amorican Englim. Even within India there are a large number of regional varieties, each different from the others in certain ways, and retaining to some extent the phonetic patterns of the Indian language spoken in that partioular region. It 1s also true that in every region there are good speakers of Englim and had apeakers of English. The terme good and bad referring to the degrees of approximation to native Englich and atandard Indian English and also to qualities of clear effective and intelligible speech. It would, however, be better to ain at international intelligibility.

He fur ther mentions the following features that affect the Intelligibility of Indian Eaglish. 1. Accent on the wrong syllable of a word.
2. Word ordinarily accented in connected apeech left unaccented, this is often accompanied with a very close juncture with the preceding or the following accented word.
3. Substitution of ( $\underset{\eta}{\mathrm{a}}$ ) for englich / $/$ /
4. Substitution of $(v)$ or ( $\boldsymbol{V}^{h}$ ) for Eaglimh/V/
5. Substitution of (V) for Eaglish / w /
6. Unfaniliar proper names.
7. Lack of clear articulation.
8. Wrong usage.
9. Use of short (e) for R. P./eI/
10. Elision of one or more syllables.
11. Use of unaspirated /p/ /t/ /k/ at the beginning of unaccented syllables.
12. Vhcommon usage.
13. Mistakes in reading, ubstitution of another word, onission of a word, onission or addition of uninflectional suffix.
14. Substitution of / $\mathrm{s} /$ for / $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{in}$ inflectional suffixes.
15. Choice by the listener of a word that is more likely in the context.
16. Substitution of / h/or / t for English/0/
17. / / made too long.
18. Substitution of / / / for / / /

Keeping in mind the above mentioned features, we designed our test in spoken English to suit the level intended. We have given a set of 20 pairs of words for sound discrimination, 30 words for word etress, 10 sentences to teat the weak forms and 20 sentences to test the intomation patterne.
3.1 Sound alserimination :

A set of twenty pairs of words were given for sound discrimination. ${ }_{\text {phe let }}$ list of twenty pairs of worde with correot answers is given below :-

| 1) | Wheat | /wit / | -wit | /wat / |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2) | whut | $/ \int A t /$ | - shirt | / Jo:t / |
| 3) | heels | /hilz / | - hille | /hiz / |
| 4) | such | / Sinjs 1 | - search | /5j+j/ |
| 5) | cheeks | /tjiks / | - chicke | $/ t_{\text {ciks }} /$ |
| 6) | ful1 | /ful / | - 1001 | /iul / |
| 7) | leaked | / li⿻k口 / | - 1ioked | /lint / |
| 8) | pot | / pot/ | - pert | 1 pt 1 |


| 9) drage | /dragz/ | --- | druge | $\mid$ dingz $/$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10) matoh | /mats $/$ | - | much | /mats $/$ |
| 11) 111 | 1501 | --- | ale | /Seil $/$ |
| 12) vary | /Vegri/ | --- | weary | Iucul |
| 13) red | / red / | --- | raid | /read / |
| 14.) pressure | /Presors/ |  | pleasure | /liezi(r) |
| 15) ledger | /ledza( / $^{\text {/ }}$ | --- | 1eisure | 103) |
| 16) verse | /Vas $/$ | --- | worse | / wos / |
| 17) sent | /Sent / | --- | saint | /seant/ |
| 18) trend | /rend $/$ | --- | trained | /Ireind/ |
| 19) little | /litl / | --- | battle | /bxt\| / |
| 20) sudden | / Sidn / | --- | button | /batn / |


| Iten NO. 1 : | mat - wit |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | is anmwered correctly by 6\% etudents. |
| Item NO. 2 : | chut - shirt |
|  | is anawered correctly by 56\% studenta. |
| Iten No. 3 : | heels -hills |
|  | is answered correctly by $22 \%$ students. |
| Iten No. $\mathbf{S}^{\text {a }}$ | such - search |
|  | is anawered correctly by 56\% students. |
| Item No. 5 : | cheeks - chicke |
|  | Is answered correctly by $30 \%$ students. |



# Iten No. 18 : trend - trained <br> is answered correctly by $52 \%$ students. <br> Itew No. 19: little battle <br> is answered correctly by $74 \%$ studente. 

Item No. 20 a sudden - button
is answered correctly by $70 \%$ students.

## Item-wise Marks



The above result sheet of sound discrimination shows that the majority of the students have failed in distinction between / $i: /$ and / $/$, /u/and / $u /$,
 At the same time, it is found that the majority of the students failed in using /w/ sound instead of it they have used TV/ sound in 'meat'. At the same time they failed in using /t/ in 'leaked' and / $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{in}$ 'drags.'
$A$ set of 30 words wore given to test word stress． The following is the list of correct anawers．

| 1） | busines： | ／bi＜nis／ | 16）affair | ／fix $x$／ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2） | Village | －いにd3／ | 17）attack | ／atak／ |
| 3） | chatter | $f$ futur $/$ | 18）observe |  |
| 4） | result | ／rucalt $/$ | 19）admit | ／admil |
| 5） | mother | ／majos | 20）yeaterday | ／jestaded |
| 6） | farce | ／fas／ | 21）innocence | ／1933）$/$ |
| 7） | castle | ／ika col／ | 22）permanent | ／firman |
| 8） | cough | ／kof／ | 23）manager | fimondzuy |
| 9） | match ed | ／ustst $/$ | 24）afternoon | 10immer |
| 10） | tomb | ／tum／ | 25）recommend | ／rekinnd／ |
| 11） | theatre |  | 26）absolutely |  |
| 12） | serious | ／行碞／ | 27）confortable | ／ramftuin／ |
| 13） | valuable | ／vepliably | 28）ability |  |
| 14） | amooth | ／5mu＇$/$／ | 29）comparison | f－simpertary |
| 15） | argue | ／ȧgju／ | 30）photograph | ／60：0gra f／ |

Item No． 1 ：＇business＇
is answered correctly by $28 \%$ students．
Item No． $2:$＇village＇
is answered correctly by $30 \%$ students．
Iten NO． 3 ：＇chatter＇
is angwered correctly by $100 \%$ turingts．

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# Item No. 28 : 'ability' <br> 1s answered correctly by $0 \%$ tudents. <br> Item No. 29 : 'comparison' <br> is answered correctly by $60 \%$ atudents. <br> Item No. 30 : "photograp" <br> 1s answered correctly by $100 \%$ atudents. 

## Iten-wise Marks

| Iten Nos. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Answered } \\ & \text { correctly } \\ & \text { (out of } \\ & 100 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 28 | 30 | 100 | 56 | 100 | 90 | 94 | 100 | 96 | 96 |
| Item NO. | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Angwered } \\ & \text { correctly } \\ & \text { (out of } \\ & 100 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 96 | 48 | 98 | 98 | 86 | 80 | 98 | 90 | 2 | 4 |
| Item Nos. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Anawered } \\ & \text { correctly } \\ & \text { (out of } \\ & 100 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 88 | 24 | 86 | 40 | 82 | 44 | 62 | 00 |  | 00 |

The above result sheet of word stress shows that
one eyllable vord is easy for the students to put the stress. But wen there are disyllabic or trirsyllabic words. It is found that students have put stress marks on the wrong syllable. The diayllabio word 'adgit' is
wrongly uttered. the first syllable is stressed by the majority of the students. Just two students with read it/correct stress. Again the four syllable -word ability is wrongly pronounced by all the students. They have put the stress ont the first syllable. It will be seen from the above analysis that the students are unaware of the use of stress in spoken english.

Ten sentences were given to the students to test the use of the weak forms.

The following is the list of ten sentences with correct answers.

1) IT뇨 coming with you.
/um kami) wis /
2) That's an old story.
/3x4s on jud stun/
3) There's no need to worry.
/ agoras now nod to ural
4) She's packed it neatly.
SIt pret it Mi:tli /
5) Which one d'you like.?
/ wits windsjulatk /
6) I shall try my best.
/ar bi thar mat best /
7) Where was he yesterday?
/Vega was ha justader /
8) Where does she live?
/wexxdy, gi If: /
9) When can you come?
/Wen son jug kami /
10) I shall be back at six.
/ar Sou hi bret asks/

Item No. 1 : In coming with you. is answered correctly by $2 \%$ students.

Item No. 2 : That's an old story. is answered correctly by $34 \%$ students.

Item No. 3 : There's no need to worry. is answered correctly by $22 \%$ students.

The rest of the answers have not been answered correctly even by a single student.

In itew No. 2 and 3 students have failed to make use of the correct weak forms. The students have succeeded in using the correct weak form of the contracted forms. Fit is observed that the reading of the students is very slop resulting in the failure to make use of the weak forms

Intonation:

Twenty sentences were given to the students for testing their use of intonation patterns.

The list of twenty sentences with correct answers is a: follows :-

1) What's the tiae.
2) Why are you so late?
3) Tho's coming with ?
4) Why don't you listen?
5) Which do you like best ?
6) Where does he live?
7) The birds are singing in the trees.
8) Both the children are playing outside.
9) We' vo been walking through the forest.
10) I must get my hair cut.
11) May come in?
12) Are you afraid?
13) Have you time?
14) Can you do it now?
15) Did you have a good holiday?
16) ire you angry with mo?
17) Pass the in lt please.
18) Come again goon?
19) Return them tomorrow.
20) You don't believe io, do you?

## Item-wise Marks



The above result sheet of intonation shows that the students have used falling tone correctly but they hove failed in using the rising tone. We may say thrit. most of then are unaware of the use of these suprasegmental features Of Eaglish.

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0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0
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