

## APPENDIX-C

109.12

C



RP

## DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802 8-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters

### General Description

The DAC0800 series are monolithic 8-bit high-speed current-output digital-to-analog converters (DAC) featuring typical settling times of 10 ns. When used as a multiplying DAC, monotonic performance over a 40 to 1 reference current range is possible. The DAC0800 series also features high compliance complementary current outputs to allow differential output voltages of 20 Vp-p with simple resistor loads as shown in Figure 1. The reference-to-full-scale current matching of better than  $\pm 1$  LSB eliminates the need for full-scale trims in most applications while the nonlinearities of better than  $< 0.1\%$  over temperature minimizes system error accumulations.

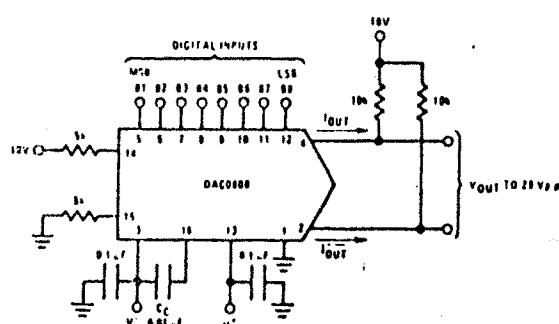
The noise-immune inputs of the DAC0800 series will accept TTL levels with the logic threshold pin,  $V_{LC}$ , potential allowing direct interface to all logic families. The performance and characteristics of the device are essentially unchanged over the full  $\pm 4.5V$  to  $\pm 18V$  power supply range, power dissipation is only 33 mW with  $\pm 5V$  supplies and is independent of the logic input states.

The DAC0800, DAC0802, DAC0800C, DAC0801C and DAC0802C are a direct replacement for the DAC-08, DAC-08A, DAC-08C, DAC-08E and DAC-08H, respectively.

### Features

- Fast settling output current 100 ns
- Full scale error  $\pm 1$  LSB
- Nonlinearity over temperature  $\pm 0.1\%$
- Full scale current drift  $\pm 10 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
- High output compliance  $-10V$  to  $+18V$
- Complementary current outputs
- Interface directly with TTL, CMOS, PMOS and others
- 2 quadrant wide range multiplying capability
- Wide power supply range  $\pm 4.5V$  to  $\pm 18V$
- Low power consumption 33 mW at  $\pm 5V$
- Low cost

### Typical Applications



### Connection Diagram

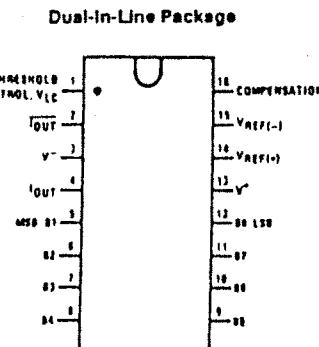


FIGURE 1.  $\pm 20$  Vp-p Output Digital-to-Analog Converter

TOP VIEW

TL/H/5066-1

See Ordering Information

### Ordering Information

Non Linearity	Temperature Range	Order Numbers*			
		J Package (J16A)		N Package (N16A)	
$\pm 0.1\%$ FS	$-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	DAC0802LJ	DAC-08AQ	DAC0802LCN	DAC-08HP
$\pm 0.1\%$ FS	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$	DAC0802LCJ	DAC-08HQ		
$\pm 0.19\%$ FS	$-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	DAC0800LJ	DAC-08Q		
$\pm 0.19\%$ FS	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$	DAC0800LCJ	DAC-08EQ	DAC0800LCN	DAC-08EP
$\pm 0.38\%$ FS	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$	DAC0801LCJ	DAC-08CQ	DAC0801LCN	DAC-08CP

\*Note. Devices may be ordered by using either order number.

DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage	$\pm 18V$ or $38V$
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW
Reference Input	
Differential Voltage ( $V_{14}$ to $V_{15}$ )	$V^-$ to $V^+$
Reference Input	
Common-Mode Range ( $V_{14}, V_{15}$ )	$V^-$ to $V^+$
Reference Input Current	5 mA
Logic Inputs	$V^-$ to $V^-$ plus 36V
Analog Current Outputs	Figure 24
Storage Temperature	-85°C to +150°C
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 seconds)	300°C

**Operating Conditions**

Temperature ( $T_A$ )	Min	Max	Units
DAC0802L	-55	+125	°C
DAC0800L	-55	+125	°C
DAC0800LC	0	+70	°C
DAC0801LC	0	+70	°C
DAC0802LC	0	+70	°C

**Electrical Characteristics**

( $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $I_{REF} = 2$  mA,  $T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$  unless otherwise specified. Output characteristics refer to both  $I_{OUT}$  and  $I_{OUT2}$ .)

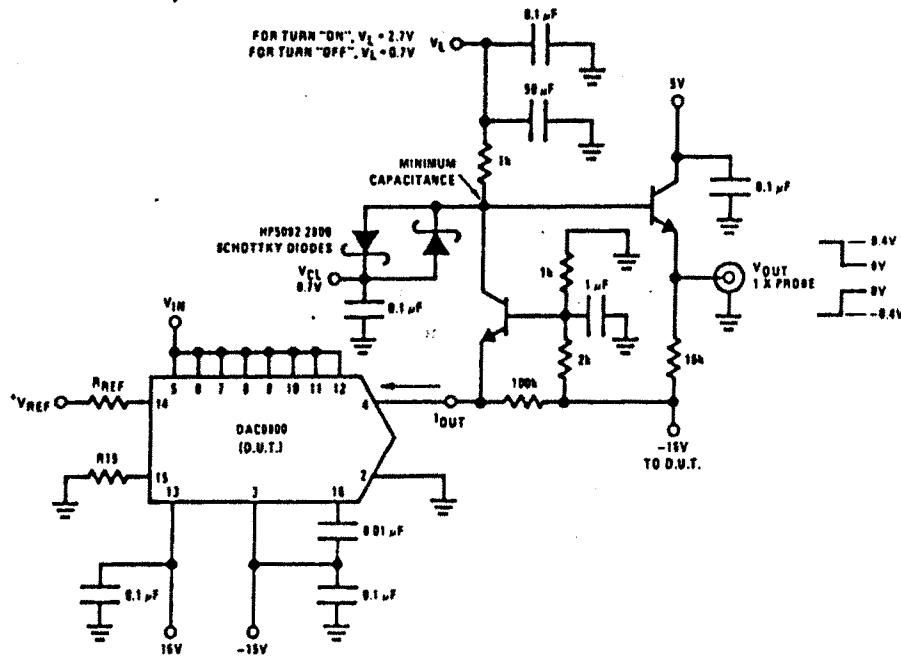
Parameter	Conditions	DAC0802L/ DAC0802LC			DAC0800L/ DAC0800LC			DAC0801LC			Units	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Bits	
Monotonicity		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Bits	
Nonlinearity				$\pm 0.1$			$\pm 0.3$			$\pm 0.39$	%FS	
$I_S$	Settling Time	To $\pm 1/2$ LSB, All Bits Switched "ON" or "OFF", $T_A = 25^\circ C$ DAC0800L DAC0800LC	100	135			100	135	100	150	ns	
					100	100	150				ns	
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay	$T_A = 25^\circ C$			35	60		35	60		ns	
$t_{PLH}$	Each Bit		35	60		35	60		35	60	ns	
	All Bits Switched										ns	
$t_{CLFS}$	Full Scale Tempco		$\pm 10$	$\pm 50$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 50$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 80$	ppm/°C	
$V_{OC}$	Output Voltage Compliance	Full Scale Current Change $< 1/4$ LSB, $R_{OUT} > 20$ M $\Omega$ Typ	-10		18	-10		18	-10		18	
$I_{FS4}$	Full Scale Current	$V_{REF} \sim 10$ 000V, $R_{14} = 5$ .000 k $\Omega$ $R_{15} = 5$ 000 k $\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$	1.984	1.992	2.000	1.94	1.99	2.04	1.94	1.99	2.04	mA
$I_{FS5}$	Full Scale Symmetry	$I_{FS4} - I_{FS2}$		$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 4.0$		$\pm 1$	$\pm 8.0$		$\pm 2$	$\pm 16$	$\mu A$
$I_{ZS}$	Zero Scale Current			0.1	1.0		0.2	2.0		0.2	4.0	$\mu A$
$I_{FSR}$	Output Current Range	$V^- = -5V$ $V^- = -8V$ to $-18V$	0	2.0	2.1	0	2.0	2.1	0	2.0	2.1	mA
			0	2.0	4.2	0	2.0	4.2	0	2.0	4.2	mA
$V_{IL}$	Logic Input Levels	$V_{LC} = 0V$			0.8			0.8			0.8	V
$V_{IH}$	Logic "0"		2.0			2.0			2.0			V
	Logic "1"											
$I_{IL}$	Logic Input Current	$V_{LC} = 0V$ $-10V \leq V_{IN} \leq +0.8V$			-2.0	-10		-2.0	-10		-2.0	$\mu A$
$I_{IH}$	Logic "0"		0.002	10		0.002	10		0.002	10		$\mu A$
	Logic "1"											
$V_{IS}$	Logic Input Swing	$V^- = -15V$	-10		18	-10		18	-10		18	V
$V_{TIR}$	Logic Threshold Range	$V_S = \pm 15V$	-10		13.5	-10		13.5	-10		13.5	V
$I_{IS}$	Fluturance Bias Current			1.0	3.0		1.0	3.0		1.0	3.0	$\mu A$
$dI/dt$	Fluturance Input Slow Rate	(Figure 24)	4.0	8.0		4.0	8.0		4.0	8.0		$mA/\mu s$
$PSS_{FS+}$	Power Supply Sensitivity	$4.5V \leq V_S \leq 18V$		0.0001	0.01		0.0001	0.01		0.0001	0.01	%/%
$PSS_{FS-}$		$-4.5V \leq V_S \leq 18V$ $ I_{REF}  = 1$ mA		0.0001	0.01		0.0001	0.01		0.0001	0.01	%/%
$I_+$ $I_-$	Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 5V$ , $I_{REF} = 1$ mA		2.3 -4.3	3.8 -5.8		2.3 -4.3	3.8 -5.8		2.3 -4.3	3.8 -5.8	mA
$I_+$ $I_-$		$V_S = 5V$ , $-15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2$ mA		2.4 -6.4	3.8 -7.8		2.4 -6.4	3.8 -7.8		2.4 -6.4	3.8 -7.8	mA
$I_+$ $I_-$		$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2$ mA		2.5 -6.5	3.8 -7.8		2.5 -6.5	3.8 -7.8		2.5 -6.5	3.8 -7.8	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	$\pm 5V$ , $I_{REF} = 1$ mA $5V$ , $-15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2$ mA $\pm 15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2$ mA	33 108 135	48 136 174		33 108 135	48 136 174		33 108 135	48 136 174		mW

Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the DAC0800, DAC0801 and DAC0802 is 125°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the dual-in-line package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 100°C/W, junction to ambient, 175°C/W for the molded dual-in-line N package.

109.19

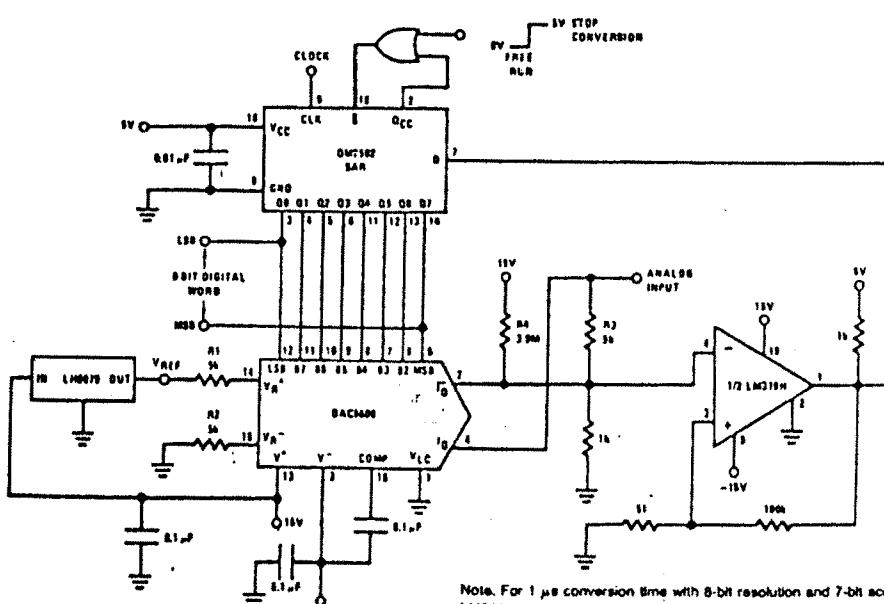
## **Typical Applications (Continued)**

DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802



**FIGURE 14.** Satellite Time Measurement

D/H/2000-7



**FIGURE 15.** A Complete 3-ns Conversion Time A/D Converter

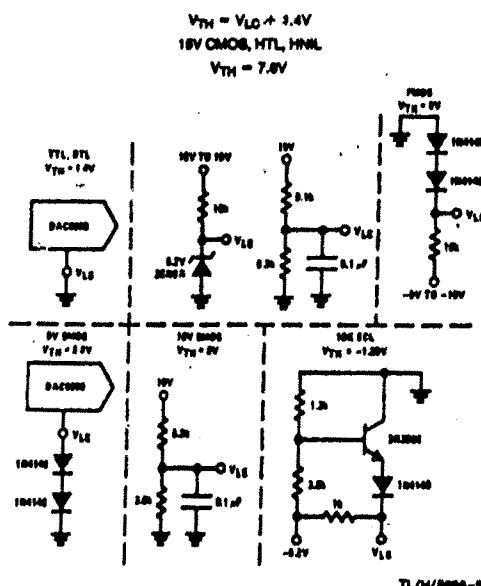
Note. For 1  $\mu$ s conversion time with 8-bit resolution and 7-bit accuracy, an LM361 comparator replaces the LM319 and the reference current is doubled by reducing R1, R2 and R3 to 2.5 k $\Omega$  and R4 to 2 M $\Omega$ .

D/M/3000-8

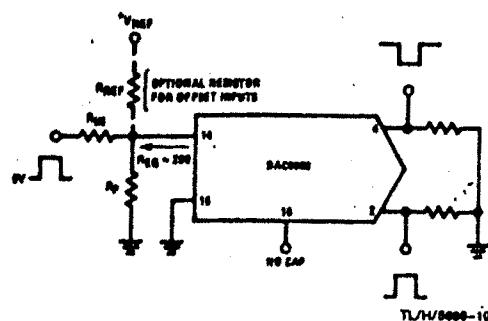
109.18

### Typical Applications (Continued)

DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802

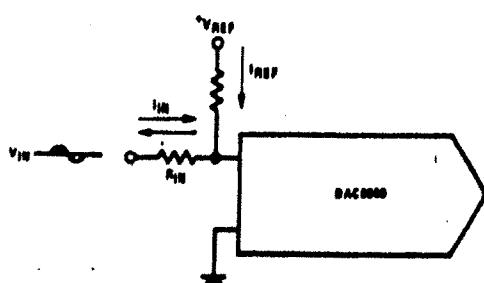


Note: Do not exceed negative logic input range of DAC.  
**FIGURE 11.** Interfacing with Various Logic Families

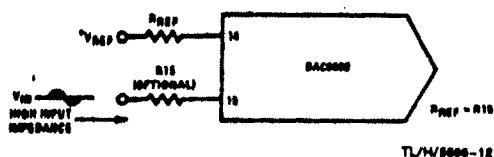


**FIGURE 12.** Pulsed Reference Operation

(a)  $|I_{REF}| \geq$  peak negative swing of  $I_{IN}$

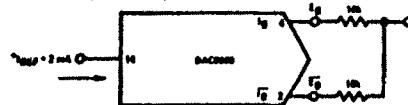


(b)  $+V_{REF}$  must be above peak positive swing of  $V_{IN}$



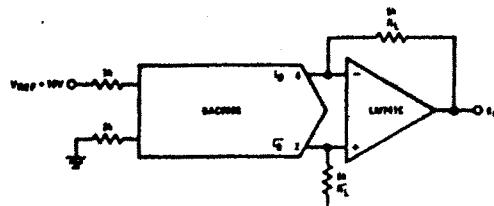
**FIGURE 13.** Accommodating Bipolar References

## Typical Applications (Continued)



	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	$E_0$	$E_0^-$
Pos. Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-9.920	+10.000
Pos. Full Scale - LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	-9.840	+9.920
Zero Scale + LSB	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-0.080	+0.160
Zero Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	+0.000
Zero Scale - LSB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	+0.080	0.000
Neg. Full Scale + LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	+9.920	-9.840
Neg. Full Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+10.000	-9.920

FIGURE 7. Basic Bipolar Output Operation

If  $R_L = R_4$  within  $\pm 0.05\%$ , output is symmetrical about ground.

	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	$E_0$
Pos. Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	+9.920
Pos. Full Scale - LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	+9.840
(+)Zero Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+0.040
(-)Zero Scale	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-0.040
Neg. Full Scale + LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-9.840
Neg. Full Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9.920

FIGURE 8. Symmetrical Offset Binary Operation

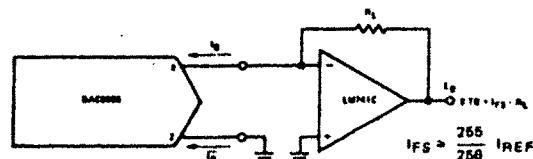
For complementary output (operation as negative logic DAC), connect inverting input of op amp to  $I_0$  (pin 2); connect  $I_0$  (pin 4) to ground.

FIGURE 9. Positive Low Impedance Output Operation

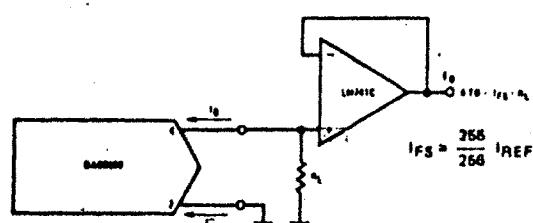
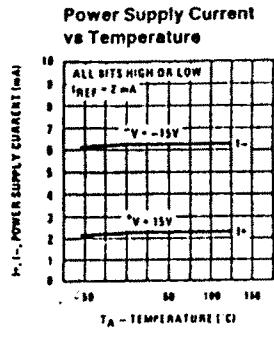
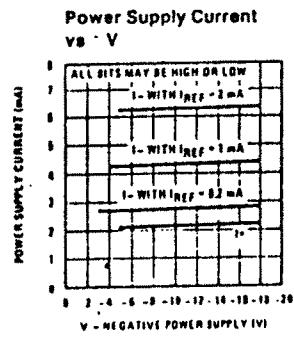
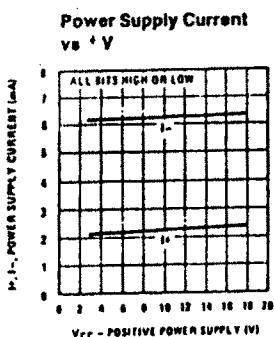
For complementary output (operation as a negative logic DAC) connect non-inverting input of op amp to  $I_0$  (pin 2); connect  $I_0$  (pin 4) to ground.

FIGURE 10. Negative Low Impedance Output Operation

## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



TL/H/5600-4

## Typical Applications (Continued)

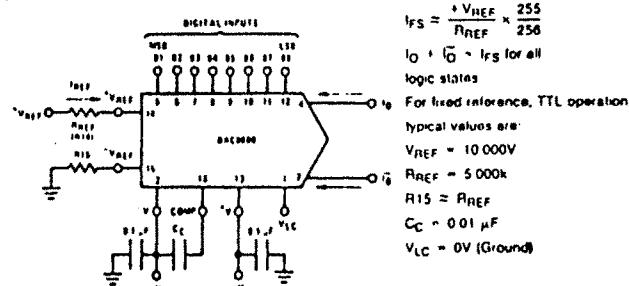


FIGURE 3. Basic Positive Reference Operation

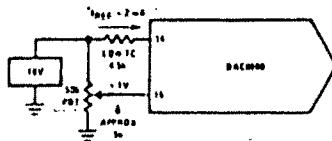


FIGURE 4. Recommended Full Scale Adjustment Circuit

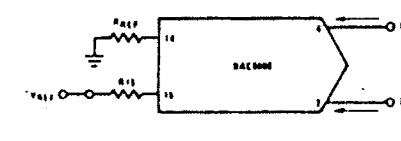
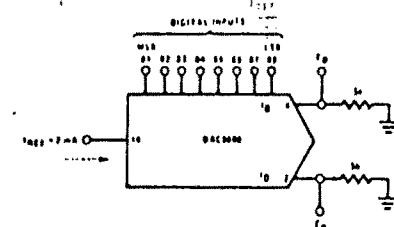


FIGURE 5. Basic Negative Reference Operation



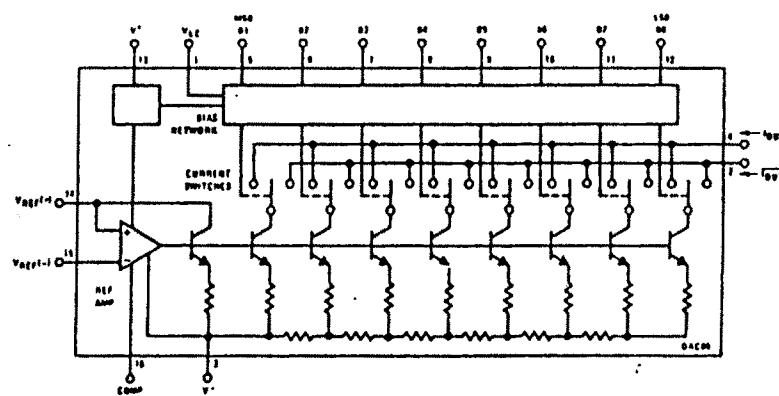
TL/H/5600-5

	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	I <sub>O</sub> mA	I <sub>S</sub> mA	E <sub>O</sub>	E <sub>S</sub>
Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.992	0.000	-9.960	0.000
Full Scale - LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1.984	0.008	-9.920	-0.040
Half Scale + LSB	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.008	0.984	-5.040	-4.920
Half Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.000	0.992	-5.000	-4.960
Half Scale - LSB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.992	1.000	-4.960	-5.000
Zero Scale + LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.008	1.984	-0.040	-9.920
Zero Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	1.992	0.000	-9.960

FIGURE 6. Basic Unipolar Negative Operation

109.14  
DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802

Block Diagram



Equivalent Circuit

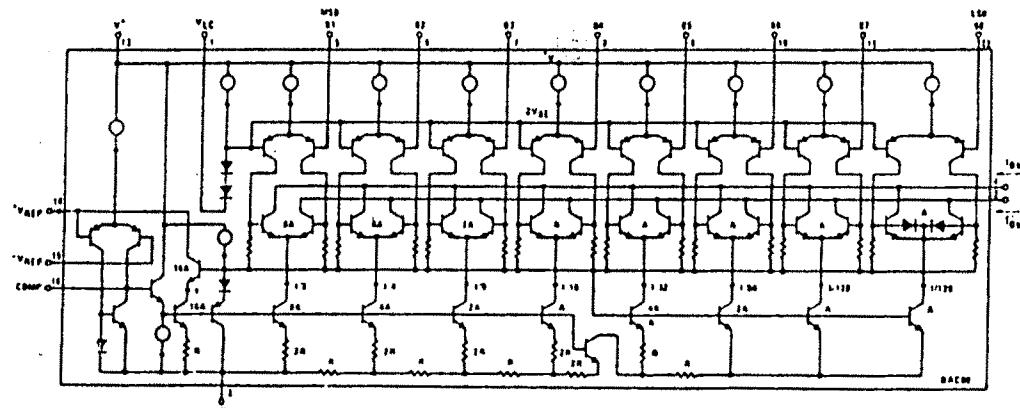


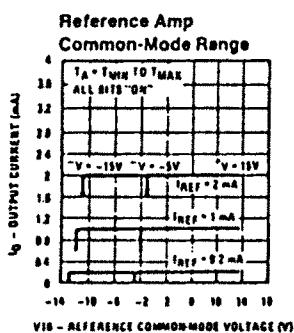
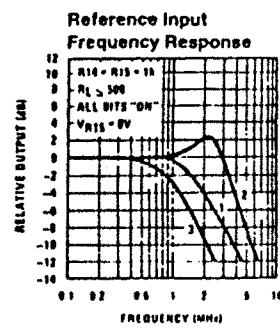
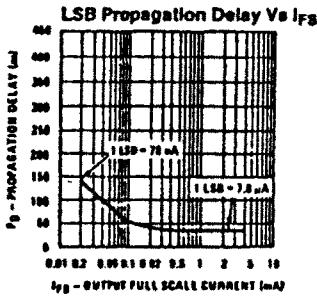
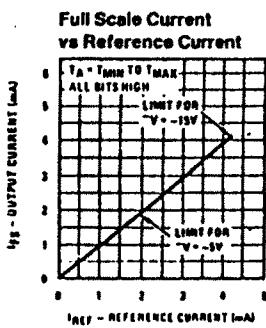
FIGURE 2

TL/H/5682-2

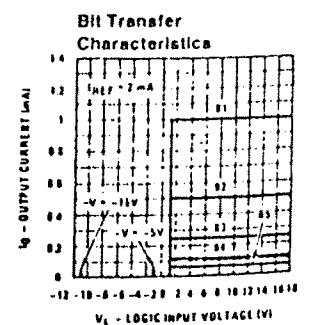
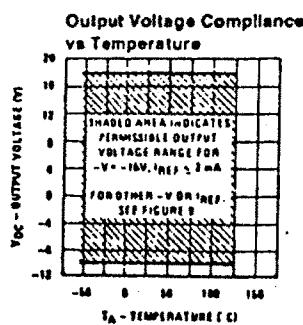
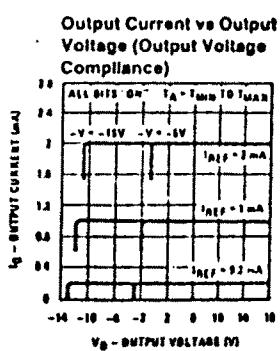
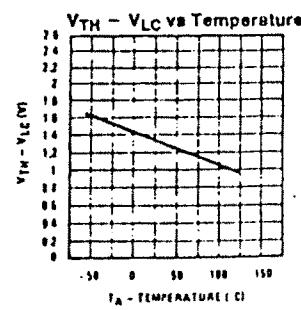
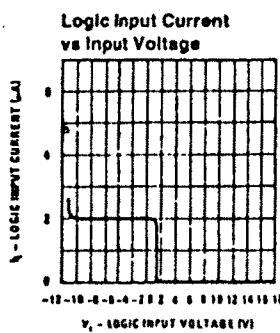
109.15

DAC0800, DAC0801, DAC0802

### Typical Performance Characteristics



Note: Positive common-mode range is always (V+) - 1.5V



Note: B1-B6 have identical transfer characteristics. Bits are fully switched with less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  LSD error, at less than  $\pm 100$  mV from actual threshold. These switching points are guaranteed to be between 0.8 and 2V over the operating temperature range (V<sub>LC</sub> = 0V).

TL/H/6606-3