## IMPACT OF GOBAR GAS PLANT ON RURAL HOUSEHOLD HOUSEWIVE

(This is a study concerned with the rural housewives of Koparde Village in Kolhapur District)

## QUESTIONNAIRE

1.	Name of the head of the : family
1.1.1	Age :
	Sex :
	Caste/Religion:
1.1.2	Education:
1.1.3	Occupation:
	Agricultural:
	Non-agricultural :

Demogra	aphic details	about the	e memb	ers of	the	family	:	
sr.	Name	<b>A</b> ge	Sex	Relat	tion	Marit UN/M/	al S	tatus
==	=_=_=====							

Educational attainment of the members of the family:

	-=-=====	-=-=-	-=-=-=-		-=-=-=	
Age Group		Educat	cional	Attainm	ent	•
	Illi.	Prim.	Sec	H <u>i</u> gh	Spl.	Other
	_==			. <del>-</del>		

Occupational Attainment of the members of the family:

Sr.	Name	Nature of Occupation Agri./ Non-Agri. (Specify)	Place of	Place	Income Mon./ Annu.	Any other infor- mation

2.1	Total Number of members in the family:
2.2	Type of family : Nuclear/Joint
2.3	Ownership of land (in hectares):
2.4	Number of domesticated : Cows/Buffellows/Oxes/hebufellows/animals sheeps/other
2.5	Location of domesticated animals: (Specify) shed
3.	Housing
3.1	Type of household
3.1.2 3.1.3	Kaccha house Partially kaccha and pucca house Pucca house R.C.C. construction
3.2	Number of rooms for living: Upto 5 6 to 10 11 +
3.3	Is the bothroom facility available?: Yes/No If yes - Located - inside the house outside the house
3.4	Is their lavatory facility?: Yes/No If yes - Location of lavatory Inside the house Outside the house
3.5	Cooking place Is there is any separate kitchen: Yes/No hall as such? If yes - give details
3.6	Type of fuel used for cooking
3.6.2 3.6.3 3.6.4 3.6.5 3.6.6 3.6.7 3.6.8	
3.7	Informations of the Gobar Gas plant
3.8	Age of the head's wife :
3.9	Time gap between awareness and installation of gobar gas plant
3.9.1	When for the first time the information about the gobar gas plant was received

b) No septic tank

c) Does not feel any need to connect the lavatory to the gobar gas plant

d) It wasnot convenient to connectlavatory to gobar gas plant

e) Connection is costly

f) Ignorance about connection.

5.	Nature of work of women in the household duties	100
5.5.1 5.5.2	Who cook food in the house? Who makes purchases for household requirements? Who fetches water for the household?	100
5.5.3	Who washes clothes?	
5.5.4 5.5.5	Who cleans utensils in the house?	
5.5.6	Who sweeps and cleans the house?	
5.5.7	Who takes care of children?	
5.5.8	Who generally decision making about the expenditure	
3.3.3	on foods?	
5.5.9	Who helps children in their studies ?	
	Who takes care of sick persons in the family?	
	Who decides about the expenditure on clothing?	
5.5.12	Who decides about the expenditure on household	
	necessities?	
5.5.13	Who decides about the expenditure on education?	
5.5.14	Who decides about the expenditure on marriage, children and relatives?	
	Who decides about the expenditure on gifts and presents?	
5.5.16	Who decides about the expenditure on major purchases and major capital investment?	
5.5.17	Who decides about the expenditure on visiting place and peoples.	
5.5.18	Who decides about the expenditure on attending ceremonies and functions?	
	Who decides about foodstuffs to be purchased?	
	Who decides about clothing to be purchased?	
5.5.21	Who decides about which school the children should attend?	
	Who decides about which gifts to be given?	
	Who decides about recreation and outing?	
5.5.24	Who generally decides about daughter's/son's marraiges partner?	
6.	Time saving and time utilisation pattern of the Housewives	
6.1	Time spent on daily household duties	
	1. Time saving activities:  Before the installation of gobar gas plant	
	After the installation of gobar gas plant	
	2. Cooking	
	3. Cleaning of utensils	
	Hours minutes (Approx.) Hours minutes (Approx)	
	4. Cleaning of house	
	5. Washing of cloths	
6.2	Time utilisation	
	a) Attending children  b) Miscellaneous activities (Knitting, embrodary, sewing, spinning etc.)	

. . . .

- Time spent on daily for related activities: 6.3
  - 1. milking the bufflows/cows
  - 2. Teeding the cattle
  - 3. Cleaning of cattle shed
  - 4. Preparation of dung cakes and

Before the adoption of gobar gas plant hours/minutes

After adoption of gobar gas plant hours/minutes

- Better alternative fuel 6.4
  - 1) Which type of fuel you think from your experience is efficient and advantageous
    - a) Gobar gas
    - b) Kerosene
    - c) Fire-wood
    - d) Cow-dung cake
    - e) Other type of fuel
- 6.5 After the installation the gobar gas plant have you become free from drudergy of dung collection and starting of fuel.
- 6.6 Have you been able to same fuel and money the installation of Gobar Gas Plant (give details)
- 6.7 Cleanliness of utensils and kitchen:

What are the advantages of gobar gas plant

- 1. Somkeless neat and clean fuel
- 2. Saves from drudergy of collection and storing of fuel.
- 3. No carbon on utensils
- 4. No blackening of walls
- 5. Protects the eyes and throte
- 6. Provision of hygenic and samitation conditions
- 7. Provision of clean air
- 8. Reduces flies and mosquitoes
- 9. Enhancement of social prestige 10. Increase in sociability and hospitality
- 11. Better quality of farm yard manure
- 12. Better utilisation of organic wastes
- 13. No bad small in cooking
- 14. Any other
- 6.8 Is their any enchancement in social prestige Yes/No or status
- Do you think gobar gas plant helps you in 6.9 serving the guest. If so

Yes/No

a) Can prepare tea and coffee quickly

- b) Can get hot water quickly c) Can cook food without much hazards
- d) Any other

Gobar Gas plant utilisation of organic wastes

- Do you think that the organic wastes are utilised properly than before ?
- Do you think there has been availability of improved 2 quality of farm yard manure ?

Problems in the adoption of gobar gas plant

- Bad smell in cooking
  - a) Do you cook regularly on the gobar gas Yes/No If no due to
    - a) bad smell in cooking
    - b) Do not like
    - c) Any other reason
    - d)
- Is their any difficultY in the utilisation of Yes/No 2 the gobar gas plant. If yes, is it due to
  - a) Non-availability of trained masons
  - b) Lack of technical guidance from government officials
  - c) Lack of co-operation from bank staff for securing loan
  - d) Non-availability of cement
  - e) Weak pressure in winter
  - f) Frequent cleaning of supply pipes and water box
  - g) Leakage of gas and water from pipes
  - h) Lack of experience in filling the plant with dung and water in proper proportion
  - i) Improper structure of gobar gas plant

Non-Adopter's of Gobar Gas Plant (Reasons for non-adoption of gobar gas plant)

- 1 Situational Reasons
- Not enough space for the installation of gobar 1.1 gas plant in courtyard
- 1.2 Situation of house inside the village
- 1.3
- Small ward size Large family size 1.4
- 2 Economic Reasons
- 2.1 Involves highe investment
- 2.2 Not profitable as the farmers have enough crop waste for fuel

9.3 Educational Reason	S	:
------------------------	---	---

- 9.3.1 Lack of technical know how of the people about the operation and use of gobar gas plant
- 9.3.2 Information regarding the installation is not available
- 9.K+ Psychological reasons:
- 9.4.1 Usless
- 9.4.2 Gas incorporates bad small to the chapaties and other meal preparations
- 9.4.3 Creates unhygenic conditions
- 9.4.4 Not consistent with the cultural norms
- 9.4.5 Poison, hence dangerates for health