

APPENDIX - IV(A)

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C-PROGRAM FOR SECTION [4.5]

SIMULATION STUDY OF COOKE'S AND ALTERNATIVE GENERAL PROCEDURE  
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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define DASH " _____ "
void main()
{
    float f,f1,f2,f3,min,max,j,k,lar,h,h1,theta,los,los1,los2,x,a,b,h2[100];
    int c=0,p,l,r,o=0,u=0,i=1,m,q=0,s=0,s1=0,s2=0;FILE *fp;
    char opr=' ';

    clrscr();
    printf ("\n Enter the parameter theta of U(0,theta) :- ");
    scanf ("%f",&theta);
    printf ("\n Enter the confidence level :- ");
    scanf ("%f",&los);
    printf ("\n Enter first-sample confidence level for alternative method :-");
    scanf ("%f",&los1);
    los2=1.0-(1.0-los)/(1.0-los1);
    fp = fopen ("y.txt","w+");
    fprintf(fp, "\n*SIMULATION STUDY OF COOKE'S AND ALT. GENERAL PROCEDURE");
    fprintf(fp, "\n THETA=%f WIDTH OF C.I = 1 THEO.COVERAGE =%f",theta,1.0-los);
    fprintf(fp, "\n FIRST-SAMPLE COVERAGE FOR ALT. PROCEDURE =%f",1.0-los1);
    fprintf(fp, "\n REQUIRED SECOND-SAMPLE COVERAGE =%f",1.0-los2);
    fprintf(fp, "\n %s",DASH);
    fprintf(fp, "\n\tFIRST-SAMPLE\tCOOKE'S \tALT.METHOD \tCOOKE'S \tALT.METHOD ");
    fprintf(fp, "\n\tSIZE \t COVERAGE \t COVERAGE \t E(N) \t E(N)");
    fprintf(fp, "\n %s",DASH);

    do
    {
        printf ("\n Enter the size of FIRST-SAMPLE :- ");
        scanf ("%d",&m);
        randomize ();
    }
```

```

do
  ( o++;l=1;
  lar = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
  do
    {
      x = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
      if ( x >= lar) lar = x;
      i++;
    }while (i < m);

/* Cooke's Method */

h = pow(los,1.0/(float)m);
h1 = h/(1.0-h);h2[0]=h2[1]=h1;
if (lar < h1) l=1;
else
  {
    do { l++;
      for(j=.6;j<10;j+=.0001)
        { f3=0.0;r=0;
          a=j+1.0;b =j/a;
          f1=pow(a,m+1);
          f2 = pow(b, m+1);f3=pow(h2[0],m);
          do
            { r++; k = pow(b,r);
              f3 += k*pow(h2[r],m);
            }while(r < l-1);
          f = fabs (f3/f1+f2-los);
          if ( f <= .000001) h2[1]=j;
        }
      }while(lar > h2[1]);
    }
  max = lar;
  s1+=1;
  do
    {
      x = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
      if ( x >= max) max = x;
      u++;
    }while (u < l);
  if (max < theta && theta < max +1.0) s += 1;

/* Alternative General Procedure */

if (lar/pow(los1,1.0/(float) m) <= 1) p=0;
else
  { a=log(los2);b=lar/pow(los1,1.0/(float) m);
    p=(int) (a/log(1.0-1.0/b)) + 1;
  }
min = lar;s2+=p;

```

```

do
(
    x = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
    if ( x >= min) min = x;
    c++;
    )while (c < p);
    if ( min < theta && theta < min +1.0) q+=1;
    i=1;c=0;u=0;
    )while ( o <= 1000);

    fprintf(fp, "\n \t  %d \t      %f \t  %f \t  %f \t
                %f",m,s/1000.0,q/1000.0,s1/1000.0+m,s2/1000.0+m);
    o=0;s=0;s1=0;s2=0;q=0;
    getch();
    clrscr();
    fflush(stdin);
    printf("\n Do you want to continue SIMULATION STUDY,if YES type y :-");
    scanf("%c",&opr);
    )while( opr == 'y');

    fprintf(fp, "\n %s",DASH);
    fclose(fp);
)

/* PROGRAM END */

```

APPENDIX - IV (B)  
#####

C-PROGRAM FOR SECTION [4.5]

BEST POSSIBLE SECOND-SAMPLE CONF. LEVEL FOR  
GENERAL PROCEDURE WHICH MINIMISES ASN

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define DASH " _____ "
void main()
{
    float lar,theta,los,los1=0.05,los2=0.0,x,a,b;
    int r,o=0,i=1,m,s2=0;FILE *fp;

    clrscr();
    printf ("\n Enter the parameter theta of U(0,theta) :- ");
    scanf ("%f",&theta);
    printf ("\n Enter the confidence level :- ");
    scanf ("%f",&los);
    printf ("\n Enter the size of FIRST-SAMPLE :- ");
    scanf ("%d",&m);

    fp = fopen ("b.txt","w+");
    fprintf(fp,"\n * SIMULATION STUDY OF ALTERNATIVE GENERAL PROCEDURE");
    fprintf(fp,"\nTHETA=%f WIDTH OF C.I=1 THEO.COVERAGE =%f",theta,1.0-los);
    fprintf(fp,"\n \t FIRST-SAMPLE SIZE =%d",m);
    fprintf(fp,"\n %s",DASH);
    fprintf(fp,"\n First-sample Cov. Second-sample Cov. E(N)");

    do
    { los1 = los1 - 0.001;
      los2 = 1.0 - (1.0-los)/(1.0-los1);
      randomize ();
    }
    do
    { o++;
      lar = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
      do
      {
          x = theta * random (32000)/32000.0;
          if ( x >= lar) lar = x;
          i++;
      }while (i < m);
    }
}
```

```

/* Alternative General Procedure */
    if (lar/pow(los1,1.0/(float) m) <= 1) r=0;
    else { a=log(los2);b=lar/pow(los1,1.0/(float) m);
    r=(int) (a/log(1.0-1.0/b)) + 1;}
    s2+=r;
    i=1;
    }while ( o <= 1000);
    fprintf(fp, "\n %f  %f %f ",1.0-los1,1.0-los2,s2/1000.0+m);
    o=1;s2=0;
}while( los1 >= .01);

fprintf(fp, "\n %s", DASH);
fclose(fp);
getch();
clrscr();
fflush(stdin);

} /* PROGRAM END */

```