CHAPTER - V : : ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATICN OF DATA : :

## Table 5.1

Agewise distribution of the respondents

20. $30 \quad 12$

30 40 • 40
40-50 35
50- above 13

-     -         -             -                 -                     -                         -                             -                                 -                                     -                                         -                                             -                                                 -                                                     -                                                         -                                                             -                                                                 - 

Total 100
-. -. -. -. -. -.. -. -. -..-. -. -. -....-.-.....-. -. -. -. -
Analysis

1) In the $20-30$ age group there is $12 \%$ respondents
2) In the second age, group category, i.e. $30-40$ there are $40 \%$ respondents.
3) In the third age group category $40-50$ there are $35 \%$ respondents.
4) In the age group 50 and above (old people) there are $13 \%$ respondents.

## Interpretation

Table No.5. 1 shows that $40 \%$ of the respondents belong to the age group of $30-40$ years.

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## Table 5.2

Sexwise distribution of the sample size.


Male 93
Female 7

Total 100

$\frac{\text { Analy'si.s }}{1}$

1) $93 \%$ respondents are male
2) $7 \%$ respondents are female

Interpretation
Table No.5. 2 shows that I.R.D.P. Scheme gives preference to both male and female about loan conditions.

## Table 5.3

Table- showing of marital status of the respondents


Married . 93.
Unmarried : 4
Widow 3



## Analysis

1) 93 respondents are married persons constitute $93 \%$.
2) 4 respondents are unmarried persons constitute $4 \%$.
3) 3 respondents are widow persons constitute $3 \%$.

## Interpretation

Table No.5.3 shows that almost all married respondents have taken loan. Loans are available to all persons.

## Table 5.4

Table showing about religion among the respondents


Hindu 71
Budha 29

Total 100


## Analysis

1) $71 \%$ respondents are Hindus
2) $29 \%$ respondents are Budha.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.4 shows that majority of Hindu have taken loan. I.R.D.P. Sicheme has given loan to all religion. But in this case only Hindu and Budha have taken loan,

## Table 5.5

Gastewise distribution of the respondents

|  |
| :---: |

Caste . . Percentage of
SC/ST ..... 44
OBC ..... 17
General ..... 39
Total ..... 100

## Analysis

1) $44 \%$ respondents are SC/ST castes. ;
2) 17\% respondents are OBC Caste
3) 39\% respondents are General Castes.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.5 shows that majority of SC/ST castes people taken loan. I.R.D.P. scheme has given loan to all castes.

## Table 5.6

Table showing the educational status of the respondents


Illiterate . 43
Literate . 16
Primary , . - 28
Secondary . 10
Higher Setondary 3
College -


Total 100


## Analysis

1) The percentage of illiterate is 43.
2) The percentage of literate is 16
3) The percentage of primary is 28
4) The percentage of secondary is 10.
5) The percentage of higher secondary is 3 .

Interoretation
Table No.5.6 shows that it is clear that literate persons as well as illiterate and primary persons are also taking benefits of I.R.D.P. Scheme.

## Table 5.7

Table showing that family status among the respondents

| Type of Family | Percentage, of Respondents |
| :---: | :---: |
| Joint | 2 |
| Separate/Nuclear | 98 |
| Total | 100 |

Analysis

1) $2 \%$ respondents are having joint family system.
2) $98 \%$ respondents are having separate/nuclear family system.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.7 shows that majority of the respondents are having' separate/nuclear family system.

## Table 5, 8

Table showing the sources of information of the financial help


Local Leader ' 22
Bank Officer • 6
Primary Teacher $\perp$
Relative 20
From Others . 8

Total
100
-.-. -.-..-....-. -. -..-. -. -. -..-. -. -.. -. -. -. -. -

## Analysis

1) The respondents who got inferpation through Gram Sevak constitute 8\%.
2) The respondents who got information through Gram Panchayat constitute $31 \%$.
3) The respondents who got information through Society constitute 4\%.
4) The respondents who got information through Local Leader constitute 22\%,
5) The respondents who got information through Bank Officer constitute 6\%*
6) The respondents who. got information through Primary Teacher constitute $1 \%$.
7) The respondents who got information through Relative constitute 20\%.
8) The respondents who got information through From Others constitute $8 \%$.

## Interpret'ation

Table No.5.8 shows that Gram Sevak', Gram Panchayat, Society, Local Leader, Bank Officer, Primary Teacher, Relatives and From Others give the information about the financial help.

Majority of the respondents have got information through Gram Panchayat, Local Léader and Relatives.

## Table 5.9

Table showing working about Secondary Occupation among the respondents.


## Analysis

1) $46 \%$ respondents are Small Land Holders
2) $14 \%$ respondents are Very Small Land Holders.
3) $8 \%$ respondents are Labourers
4) $7 \%$ respondents are Artisans
5) $25 \%$ respondents are Landless Labourers.
6) $1 \%$ respondent is Very Small Land Holder and Artisan.

## Interpretation

Table No:5.9 shows that it is clear that majority of respondents are Small Land Holder Farmers have to depend on side occupation for their servival.

## Table 5.10

Table showing the purposes which the respondents have taken loan.

Milch Animals ..... 85
Sheep and Goat Purchases ..... 9
Poultry. ..... 1
Ele, Motor and Oil Engine ..... 2
Pipe line ..... -Well Repairs-
Others ..... 3
Total ..... 100

## Analysis

1) $85 \%$ respondents have taken loan for the purpose of buying Milch Animals.
2) $9 \%$ respondents have. taken. loan for the purpose of Sheep and Goat Purchases.
3) $1 \%$ respondents have taken loan for the purpose of poultry.
4) $2 \%$ respondents have taken'loan for the purpose of buying.Electric' Motor and Oil Engine.
5) $3 \%$ respondents have taken'loan for the purpose of Others:

## Interoretation

Majority of the'respondents have taken loan for the purpose of Milch Animal. Milch Animal is most essential for the increasing income for their lively hood also business is important for their regular life.
$3 \%$ respondents have taken loan for other purposes any reason.

Table 5.11
Table showing respondents remarks about loan application form.


Easy 38
Complicated \& Difficult 18
Lengthy 27
Unneacessary Details 17
Total - - - - - -


## Analysis

1) $38 \%$ respondents opinion about remarks of loan application form is easy.
2) $18 \%$ respondents opinion about remarks of loan application form is complicated and difficult.
3) $27 \%$ respondents opinion about remarks of loan application form is lengthy.
4) $17 \%$ respondents opinion about remarks of loan application form is unnecessary details.

## Interpretation

Table No.5. 11 shows that the majority of the respondents have got remarks about loan application form is easy, and other respondents said that the loan application form is complicated and difficult, lengthy and unnecessary details.

## Table 5.12

Table showing visited places for obtaining documents to be enclosed with application form.

| Gaonk amgar Talathi | 100 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gram Seva Path Pedhi Sanstha | 100 |
| Dairy | 100 |
| Block Development Officer | - |
| Gram Sevak | 100 |
| Land Development Bank | 15 |
| Total | 415 |

## Analysis

1) All respondents visited to Gramkamgar Talathi; Gram Seva Peth Pedhi Sanstha; Dairy; and Gram Sevak for obtaining documents to be enclosed with loan application form.
2) Only 15 respondents visited to Land Development Bank for obtaining documents to be enclosed with loan application form.

## Interpretation

Table No. 512 shows that 100 respondents visited to Gram Kamgar Talathi; Gram Seva Peth Pedhi Sanstha; Dairy and Gram Sevak for obtaining documents to be enclosed with loan application form.

## Table 5.13

Table showing name of the mortgage.


Property 64
Personal Guarantee . . . 36

Total 100
-. -. -. -.-. -. -. -. -. -.... -. -. -.. -. -. -. -. -..... -. -. -.. -
Analysis

1) $64 \%$ respondents have taken name of mortagage is property.
2) $36 \%$ respondents have taken name of mortagage is personal guarantee.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5. 13 shows that majority of respondents have taken name mortagage is property.

## Table 5.14

Table showing types of Mortagages

| Type of Mortagage |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Percentage of |
|  | Respondents |

Well-known \& Property Holder 14

Employees 4
Possessors 82


1) 14\% respondents have taken type of mortagage is wellknown and property hol der persons.
2) $4 \%$ respondents have taken type of mortagage is employees persons.
3) $82 \%$ respondents have taken type of mortagage is possessors.

## Interpretation

Table No.5. 14 shows that majority of respondents have taken type of mortagage is possessors. .

## Table 5.15

| Table showing rat <br> Rate of Interest on Loan |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

More Interest . 56
Reasonable Interest 44

-     -         -             -                 -                     -                         -                             -                                 -                                     -                                         -                                             -                                                 -                                                     -                                                         -                                                             -                                                                 -                                                                     -                                                                         - i

Total 100


## Analysis

1) $56 \%$ respondents said that the rate of interest on loan is more.
2) $44 \%$ respondents said that the rate of interest is reasonable.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.15 shows that majority of respondents have got rate of interest on loan is more.

## Table 5. 16

Table showing visits of Bank Officers to respondents


## Analysis

1) Bank Officers visited to $66 \%$ respondents for guidence given.
2) Bank Officers visited to $34 \%$ respondents for recovery of loan.

## Interpretation

Table' No. 5.16 shows that majority of Bank Officers visited to respondents for guidance given.

## Table 5.17

Table showing the repayment of loan by thei respondents

| Particulars | Percentage of. Respondents |
| :---: | :---: |

Instalments Repaid 66
Instalments Not Repaid 34
Total - - - - - - - - -

Analysis :

1) $66 \%$ respondents have repaid their instalment of loans.
2) $34 \%$ respondents have not repaid their instalment of loans.

Interpretation
Table No. 5.17 shows that majority of respondents have repaid their instalment of loans,
$34 \%$ respondents cannot give regular repayment of loan because - ..
a) the milch animals provides less milk.
b) the milch animal give milk ones a day because the loss of calf,
c) Milk is not given proper in the dairy
d) There is no water in wells.
e) There is no provision for instalments because of householḍ expenditure.

Table 5.18
Table showing experience about Treatment of Bank to respondents

Experience About
Percentage of
Treatment of Bank Respondents

Good 62
Satisfactory 33

Bad 5

Total
100


## Analysis

1) $62 \%$ respondents have given experience about treatment of Bank is good.
2) $33 \%$ respondents have given experience about treatment of Bank is satisfactory.
3) $5 \%$ respondents have given experience about treatment of the Bank is bad.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.18 shows that the majority of the respondents have got good experience about treatment of Bank.

Table 5.19
Table showing deduction from loan


Society share 97
Insurance 100




## Analysis

1) 97 respondents share amount may be deducted from loan amount.
2) 100 respondents insurance premium amount may be deducted from loan amount.

## Interpretation

Table No.5. 19 kxs shows that the shares and insurance premium amount will be deducted from loan amount. But $3 \%$ respondents were the member of the society before loan taken under I.R. D. P. Scheme.

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Table 5.20
Table showing financial position of respondents is improved by taking loan

Financial position is $\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}
Percentage of <br>
Improved

$\quad$

Respondents
\end{tabular}

Yes 83
No 17

Total 100
-. -. -. -. -. -. -. -. -.. -.....-. -. -. -. -. -.. -. -. -.. -. -. -. -

## Analysis

1) $83 \%$ respondents financial position is improved by taking. loan.
2) $17 \%$ respondents financial position is decreased by taking loan.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.20 shows that majority of respondents financial position is improved by taking loan under I.R. D. P. Scheme,

## Table 5.21

Table showing the opinion of respondents about I.R.D.P. Scheme

| Opinion Regarding I. R. D. P. Scheme | Percentage of Respondents |
| :---: | :---: |
| I. R. D.P. Scheme | Respondents |

Good Help 59
Not Helpful 5
So so 11
Help Received but with some difficulties 25

Total
100


## Analysis

1) $59 \%$ respondents have given opinion about I.R.D.P. is very helpful to them.
2) $5 \%$ respondents do not like this scheme. It means $5 \%$ given opinion about I.R.D.P. is not at all helpful.
3) $11 \%$ respondents opinion regarding the use of I.R. D. P. was So So.
4) $25 \%$ respondents opinion regarding the use of I.R.D.P.. was helpful but little difficult.

## Interpretation

Table No. 5.21 shows that the majority of the respondents have got the scheme and they said this programme is very helpf ul and other respondents said that something is difficult in I.R.D.P. Scheme.

## Table 5.22

Table showing I.R.D.P. Scheme is Useful

I.R.D.P. is Useful $\quad$| Percentage of |
| :--- |
| Respondents |

$\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$

Us.eful . 92
Not Useful 8 Total 100


## Analysis

1) $92 \%$ respondents have given opinion about this scheme is useful.
2) $8 \%$ respondents have given opinion about this scheme is not useful.

Interpretation
Table No. 5.22 shows that the majority of the respondents ihave got I.R.D.P. Scheme is useful,

