CHAPTER-IV

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

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CHAPTER-IV

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

4.1 INTRODUCTION:

In this chapter we have analysed overall performance of the sample lift irrigation schemes covered under study. For this purpose we have classified all the aspects related to performance under Three main heads for the sake of convinience, which are mentioned below.

- 1. General performance Analysis.
- 2. Analysis of Total Revenue Expenses.
- 3. Financial performance.

4.2 GENERAL PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS:

In this sub chapter general performance analysis of the sample lift irrigation schemes has been presented. For this analysis following parameters have been utilised.

- a. Increase in the membership.
- b. Increase in share capital.
- c. Increase in irrigated Area.
- d. Increase in Assets.
- e. Cropping pattern.

a. INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP :

Increase in membership represents ability of the organization in involving more people in the task undertaken. To large extent the success of the cooperative organization depend on encouraging people to participate actively in cooperative organisation.

TABLE NO.4.1

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP

Sr. No.	Name of Comon	Year 1983	Year 1987	Increase	e Total	nnual Growth Rate
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd., Kandgaon	552	5 9 8	46	8.33	1.6%
2.	Sadoli Khalsa Sa kk ari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sad b li Khalsa	441	750	309	70. 06	14%
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd., Kurukali.	437	456	19	4.34	.86%
4.	Shri Kedarling -Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd., Bachani.	384	420	36	9.37	1.87%
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Kothali.	328	492	164	50%	10%

Above Table No. 4.1 presents the increase in membership.

During the period covered under study i.e. 1983—1987. The table shows the continuous growth in membership but the rate of growth is variable from one scheme to other. So for the progressive growth is registered by Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Fani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sodoli Khalasa which is 14% and ranking top amongst all which is followed by Kothali registering 10% annual growth rate. While Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha has increased the number of members but growth rate is negligible.

There is a close link between the increase in membership and increase in share capital. But unfortunately the below table No. .. 4.2 failed to establish this relationship. It is seen from the table No. 4.2, Sadoli Khalasa Pani Purvatha Sanstha has enrolled a large number of members as compared to the other societies. In respect of the share capital, the same society failed to increase it because the face value of share is less. On the contrary Kothali Pani Purvatha sanstha has increased the share capital tremendously. It was only possible because more than one share can be alloted to a single member.

To extend this analysis a little further, it is found that Shri. Keddarling Bhairavanath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani had introduced the new members during these five years.

Inspite of this the share capital remained constant. It is the result of the fact that only the shares are transfered.

TABLE NO.4.2

INCREASE IN SHARE CAPITAL				(Rs. in Thousands)				
	Name of Cooperative Lift Irrigation Scheme	1983 (Rs.)		Increase (Rs.)	Total (%)	Annual Growth Rate		
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon.	247.3	286.9	39•6	16	3.20%		
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	100.0	116.4	16.4	16.4	3.28%		
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	67.05	68.10	1.05	1.56	0.32%		
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavanath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani.	61.65	61.65	Nil	Nil	Nil		
5	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	53.40	220.35	166 .9 5	312.6	62.5%		



The below table No. 4.3 deals with the issue of quantitative expansion of irrigation in Bhogawati Sugar factory area in connection with sample cooperative lift irrigation schemes. The table presents that the development of irrigation has been through massive investments shown in table No. 4.2. Through the development of irrigation, the main objective of the irrigation has been served which can be seen in the table No. 4.3 given below.

TABLE NO.4.3

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN IRRIGATED AREA

			•		In Ac	res)
	Name of the cooperative irrigation schemes	1983	1987	Increas	se Total %	Annual Growth Rate
1.	Shri.H a numan Sahakari Pani Purvatha mandali Ltd. Kandgaon	564	761	197	34.92	6.98%
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	5 1 6	552	36	6.97	1.40%
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sans tha Ltd. Kurukali	423	44 5	22	5.20	1.04%
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	451	48 8	37	8,20	1.64%
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	665 	673	8	1.20	0.24%

Considering the above table it is found that all these five cooperative lift irrigation schemes tried there best to increase the irrigated land. But only Shri, Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon met the success in increasing the irrigated area and enabled to cover maximum dry land under water. Its annual growth rate is 6.98%. In comparision with other schemes and especially Shri, Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon, the annual growth rate of Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali is maintain a very poor rate that of just 0.24%.

TABLE NO.4.4

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN ASSETS

				(Rs.	in Tho	usand)
Sr.	Name of the cooperative irrigation schemes.	1983 (Rs.)	1987 (Rs.)	Increas	e Total	Annual Growth Rate
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Fani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon	1182	1467	285	24.11	4.82%
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	89 7	964	67	7.46	1.50%
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali.	606	809	203	33.49	6.69%
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavana Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	th 809	836	2 7	3.33	0.66%
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	1307	1727	420	32.13	6.42%

The above table 4.4 shows additions made by all these cooperative lift irrigation schemes. For adding these assets these schemes made provisions for building fund, for introducing syphon system, for expansion, purchasing new machinery. These provision can be fulfiled from taking the amount, collected in the form of revenue and also taking an assistance from Bank in the

form of loan. The afore-said table shows that Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali and Kothali Sahakari Pani Puravatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali have succeeded in maintaining the beighest annual growth rate of 6.69% and 6.42% respectively.

It is seen from Table No. 4.5 that the sample irrigation schemes have been operating successfully in terms of increasing cash crops, like sugarcane along with paddy and other Rabbi crops which is undoubtable the outcome of the contribution made by lift irrigation schemes.

In conclusion we can say that the sample lift irrigation schemes are successful in promoting membership, capital irrigated area cash crops assets which is a sign of following a good path leading to excellence.

4.3 ANALYSIS OF TOTAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES:

X. contra

4.3.1 INTRODUCTION :

In this sub chapter analysis of revenues earned by the sample lift irrigation schemes over the years have been made. For this purpose data inrespect of total revenues, surpluses, total expenses, classification of different expenses, growth rate in revenues, total cost of irrigation per acres etc. have been made use of An attempt has also been made to compare their performance with one another.

Revenues of lift irrigation schemes:

In table No. 4.6 shows the revenues earned by the sample lift irrigation schemes. It is clear that the schemes have been earning steady income without much charge as earning profit is not the ultimate aim of the schemes but to bring maximum land under irrigation and make maximum utilisation of the water resources available.

TABLE NO.4.6

TABLE SHOWING TOTAL REVENUES OF SAMPLE IRRIGATION SCHEMES (1983-87) _____(Rs. in.'000') _ Sr. Name of cooperative 1983 1984 1985 1986 lift irrigation scheme 1. Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon **31**C **291 317 344 42**5 2. Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali 276 285 283 326 347 Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa 3. Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali 217 207 205 241 301 4. Shri. Kedarling Bhaivarnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani 253 284 288 323 310 5. Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali 541 563 5 3 9 544 573

The increase income which is not much impressive, has been shown in Table No. 4.7.

- 61 -TABLE NO.4.7

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN REVENUE

Sr.		Year 1983 Rs.	1987	increas	e Total %	Annual Growth Rate
1.	Shri. Nahuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon	310015	424538	114523	36.94	7.38%
2•	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	276176	347494	71318	25.82	5.16%
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	2 17 332	3 00953	83621	38.47	7.70%
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavna Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd Bachani	•	30964 7	563 7 2	22.25	4.45%
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	540886	5 73 338	32452	6.00	1.20%

In the above table we have analysed increase in revenue of the cooperative lift irrigation which are raised by annually. In case of all of the lift irrigation schemes the growth rates of revenues are varying from 1.20% to 7.70% which is not much impressive as earning profit is not main objective.

TABLE NO.4.8

TABLE SHOWING TOTAL EXPENSES OF SAMPLE IRRIGATION SCHEMES

		_	_	(Rs. i	n Thous	sands)
	Name of cooperative lift irrigation scheme	1983	1984	1985	1986 	1987
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon	290	274	299	332	405
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Sadoli Khalasa	27 2	281	279	321	340
8.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Lurukali	200	186	188	220	292
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	n 251	274	282	314	300
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	533	556	534	540	572

Above table shows that total expenses incurred to run lift irrigation schemes. Here also we observe that there is increasing trend in incurring the expenses. As compare to 1983 the increase in the expenses of the schemes are 39%, 25%, 46%, 19%, and 7% respectively. Detail analysis of expenses of different schemes have been drawn in Table no. 4.9 and 4.10.

TABLE NO. 4.9

SHOWING OPERATING EXPENCES AS A % TO TOTAL EXPENCES

Name of co-operative 1983 1984 1985 1986 Lift irrigation Scheme Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Shri Hanuman Sahakari 132456 116787 155490 151594 162597 Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd, Kandgaon % to total Expenses (45.65) (42.56) (52.12) (45.61) (40.19)Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa 152042 148892 151382 150131 176816 % To total Expenses (55.88)(52.84)(54.16)(46.76)(51.97)Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali 132645 129609 127435 136130 193880 % to total expenses **(66.35)** (69.72)(67.91) (61.85) (66.48) Shri. Kedarling Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani 107013 104043 124533 147775 146892 % to total expenses (42.68) (37.91)(44.18) (47.02) (49.01)Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali 156381 209819 210033 250981 277756 % to total expenses (29.36) (37.71) (39.36)(46.44) (48.55)

The above table shows that out of the total expences maximum portion i.e. 56% to 66% covered by operating expenses in case of Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali and Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Kurukali as compare to remaining scheme covered under study.

TABLE NO. 4.10

TABLE SHOWING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AS A %TO TOTAL EXPENSES

	and the same was over the same the same the same that the					
Sr No		1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	scheme	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	K :.
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali I Kandgaon		1 575 7 8	143281	180773	241953
	% to total expenses	(54.35)	(57.44)	(47.88)	(54.39)	(59.81)
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa		132888	128114	170962	163884
	% to total expenses	(44.12)	(47.16)	(45.84)	(53.24)	(48.03)
3.	Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	67281	56289	60195	84037	9 77 30
	% to total expenses	(33.65)	(30,28)	(32,09)	(38.15)	(33.52)
3.	Kedarling Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	143729	170393	157335	166551	15 2814
	% to total expenses	(57.32)	(62.09)	(55.82)	(52.98)	(50,99)
<u>s</u>	Kothali Sahakari ^P ani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	3 7 631 9	346 613	323662	289421	294355
	% to total expenses	(70.64)	(62.29)	(60.64)	(53.56)	(51.45)
		•				

Comparatively, lift irrigation schemes from village Kandgaon Bachani, Kothali have expended more on administration with in the range 54% to 70% during the period covered under study.

TABLE NO.4.11

	TABLE SHOWING YEAR WISE CO	FT PER	ACRE OF	IRRIGATED	LAND	
		_	_	(Amount	in R	3.
Sr.		1983 	1984 	1985	1986	1987
1.	Shri, Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Kandal i Ltd. Kandgaon	515	504	474	508	532
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	5 27	547	592	6 28	616
3.	Kurukali Sahakari ^P ani Puravatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	473	433	419	4 7 5	655
4.	Shri Kedarling Bhairavanath Sahakari Fani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	n 556	536	558	598	614
5	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	801	7 94	792	785	850

For the period covered under study, the cost per acre of irrigated land is found to be in the range of Rs. 433 to Rs. 850. This cost is showing increasing trend and this due to overall increase in the prices.

Comparatively it is observed that cost per acre of irrigated land is higher in case of Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali. On the other hand lift irrigation scheme from Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali, in average, supplies water at lowest cost the Table No. 4.11 supports the fact.

- 68 -TABLE NO.4.12

TABLE SHOWING SURPLUSES OF SAMPLE IRRIGATION SCHEMES

				(An	nount in	Žeo')
Sr. No.	Name of cooperative Lift Irrigation Scheme	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kandgaon.	20	17	18	11	20
2•	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli khalasa	4	4	3	5	7
3.	Kurukali Sahakari ^P ani Puravatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	17	21	17	21	9
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairvnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	3	2	6	7	10
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	8	7	5	4	1

Above table shows that lift irrigation schemes from Kandgaon and Kurukali maintain more surplus over the expendes. All of the rest schemes have resulted in profit but in case of all of the schemes earning is not main aim but to bring more and more land under irrigation the table supports the fact.

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TABLE NO.4.13

COST PER ACRE

	Name of the cooperative lift irrigation Scheme.		1987) (Rs.)	Increase	Total	Annual Growth Rate.
1,	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd., Kandgaon	515	532	17	3.30	0.66%
2.	Sadoli Khalsa Sahakari Pan Purvatha Mandali Ltd., Sadoli Khalasa		616	89	1 6. 88	3 . 3 7 %
3.	Kurukali Sahakari ^P ani Puravatha Sanstha Ltd. Lurukali	473	655	182	38.47	7.70%
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhiravnath Sahakari ^P ani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	556	614	58	10.43	2.08%
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Pandali Ltd. Kothali	801	850	49	6.12	1.22%

Comparing the growth rate of the increase in irrigation costs (show in Table No. 4.13) shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali, Ltd. Kandgaon has able to control the rate which is the sign of well equiped management. The table further indicates that the irrigation cost has reached its maximum, so far Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Ranátha Ltd. Kurukali.

TABLE NO.4.14

ARREARS OF IRRIGATION CHARGES OF KANDGAON

			<u>` </u>		
Year	Balance Arrears (Rs.)	Irrigation charges during the Year (Rs.)	Total	Receipts during the year (Rs.)	Arrears at the end of the year (Rs.)
1983	139043	286945	42598 8	308059	117929
				(72.32%)	(27.68%)
1984	117929	281102	399031	226229 (56.69%)	172802 (43.31%)
1985	172802	296143	468945	344778 (73 _• 52%)	124167 (26.48%)
1986	124167	318016	442183	324829 (73.46%)	117434 (26.56%)
1987	117434	410913	528347	370956 (70.21%)	157391 (29 .7 9%)

Considering the above table No. 4.14 the percentage of revovery of Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali, Ltd. Kandgaon is generally more than 70% except the year 1984. It was possible only because of its special incentive scheme mentioned earlier in Table No. 4.2. And the percentage, so for, arrears is below 30% except the specific year 1984, which shows the good sign of development and prosperity of this particular irrigation scheme.

TABLE NO. 4.15

ARREARS OF IRRIGATION CHARGES OF SADOLI KHALASA:

	Balance Arriars	Irrigation charges During the Year (Rs.)	Total (Rg.)	Receipts During The Year (Rs.)	Arriars at the end of Year(Rs.)
1983	248085	273721	5218 0 6	217089	304717
				(41.60%)	(58.40%)
					
1984	304 717	264502	569219	192393	37 6826
				(33.80%)	(66, 20%)
1985	376326	247760	624086	325828	298258
1703	370320	241100	024000	(52,21%)	(47.79%)
				(32.21/0)	(1
1986	298258	310254	608512	279015	329497
				(45.85%)	(54.15%)
				•	
1987	32949 7	336383	665880	313040	35 28 40
				(47.01%)	(52.99%)

This table No. 4.15 broadly reveals that even after avaliability of irrigation facilities and the growth of productivity, the growth of recovery is not maintained satisfactorily. So the percentage of arriars is increased. The percentage of recovery and of arrears is clearly shown through the figure in the brackets.

To certain extent similar situation is observed in respect of recovery and owners of Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali extending this analysis a little further it is observed that especially the rate of recovery is going down, vice versa avecars are increased. The following statement shows arrears of irrigation charges of Kurukali.

TABLE NO.4.16

ARBEARS OF IRRIGATION CHARGES OF KURUKALI

Mear	Ba la nce Arriars (Rs.)	Changes during the year (Rs.)	Total Rs	Receipts during the Year (Rs.)	Arriars at the end of Year (Rs.)
1983	254983	212272	46725 5	241264	225991
			•	(51.63%)	(48.37%)
1984	225991	202403	428394	189012 (44.12%)	239382 (55 _• 88%)
1985	239382	199336	438718	176693 (40•27%)	26 20 25 (59 • 7 3%)
1986	26 20 25	225438	487463	202 1 05 (41.46%)	285358 (58 _• 54%)
1987	28 53 58	295 017	5803 75	238045 (41.02%)	342330 (58 _• 98%)

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TABLE NO.4.17

ARREARS OF IRRIGATION CHANGES OF BACHANI

Year	Balance arriars (Rs.)	Irrigation charges during the year (Rs.)	Total Rs.	Receipts during the year (Rs.)	Arriars at the end of year (Rs.)
1983	89922	237 227	3 271 49	239653 (73.26%)	87496 (26.74%)
1984	87496	26848 8	355984	215060 (60.41%)	140924 (39 _• 59%)
1985	140924	275794	416718	285 7 88 (68.58%)	130930 (31.42%)
1986	130930	298429	429359	282078 (65 . 70%)	147281 (34 _• 30%)
1987	147281	278653	425934	268686 (63.08%)	157248 (36.92%)

The issue of recovery and arrears of Shri. Kedarling
Bhairavanath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani, it is
seen that the recovery is promptly made. As a result of it the
amount of arrears is less than 40%. These two major issues recovery
and arrears are mentioned in above table No. 4.17.

Years	Balance Arriars (Rs.)	Irrigation changes during the Year (Rs.)	Total Recepits Arriars at during the end of the year(Rs.) Year (Rs.)
1983	697107	501839	1198946 510769 688177 (42.60%) (57.40%)
1984	688177	549536	1237713 440103 797610 (35.56%) (64.44%)
1985	797610	51 99 4 8	1317558 5 50063 667495 (49.34%) (50.66%)
1986	66 749 5	538357	1205852 599 7 97 606059 (49. 7 4%) (50. 2 6%)
1987	606059	567310	1173369 511624 661745 (43.60%) (56.40%)

The above table No. 4.18 of obviously reveals that other things remaining the same, still Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali failed to increase the recovery of irrigation charges. For increasing the rate of recovery from the farmers, the scheme introduced a new incentive, just like Kandgaon Pani Purvatha scheme, in the form of Discount on irrigation charges.

Even after providing this benefits the scheme bitterly failed in recovering the irrigation charges. Thus it is found that the principles of discount on irrigation charges also has certain limitations.

Financial performance is discussed in next sub chapters.

4.4 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE :

For the more meaningful understanding of the financial position and performance of the cooperative lift irrigation societies we have computed some ratios. This as absolute accounting figures reported in the financial statements do not provide a meaningful understanding of the performance and financial position of a society. An accounting figures conveys meaning when it is related to some other relevent information. A ratio helps the analyst to make qualitative judgements about the firm's financial position and performance.

In order to cover the financial performance following financial ratios have been calculated.

- a. Current Ratios.
- b. Share holders funds to total assets ratio.
- c. Debys to shareholders funds ratio.
- d. Total Revenue to total arrats
- e. Working capital

TABLE NO. 4.19

TABLE SHOING CURRENT RATIOS

Sr. Name of coo		33 1984 3.) (Rs.)		1986 (Rs.)	1987 (Rs.)
1. Shri. Hanuman Pani Purvatha Ltd. Kandgaon		53 1.52	1.58	1.44	1.59
2. Sadoli Khalasa Pani Purvatha Ltd. Sadoli Kl	Mandali	51 1.39	1.21	1.60	1.81
3. Kurukali Sahal Purvatha Sans Kurukali		10 2.15	2.54	1.98	1.64
4. Shri. Kedarlin avnath Sahakan Purvatha Sans Baghani	ri Pani	52 1.90	1.80	2.66	2.20
5. Kothali Sahak Puryatha Mand Kothali		1.58	1.52	1.66	1.72

Current ratio establishes relationship between current Assets and current liabilities. This ratio highlights short term financial position (liquidity) of an organisation. Table No. 4.19 shows short term financial position of lift irrigation schemes is covered under study. The ratio 2:1/considered as an indication of sound short term financial position. It is observed from the table that Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali enjoys sound short term financial position. At the same time though the current ratio is less than two in case of rest of the schemes it cannot be treated as a sign of poor liquidity position as their ratios are nearer to 2:1.

TABLE NO.4.20

TABLE SHOWING FINANCING	F ASSET	S (Prop	oitory		r Equity tio)
	- -	•	(Figure		rçentage)
Sr. Name of Irrigation No. Scheme.	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
1. Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Par Purvatha Mandali Ltd.	1				÷
Kandgaon	95.7	95.5	94.0	94.5	94.6
2. Sadoli Khakasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	52 .7	55.6	65.7	78 . 3	82.7
3. Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	84.0	84.0	86.5	85.3	81.0
4. Shri. Kedarling Bhairavna Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani	eh 96.0	94.2	95.9	95.5	97.3
5. Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	62.9	64.6	67.9	70.2	70.9

Above table No. 4.20 shows that most of the Assets possessed by the sample lift irrigation schemes have been financed by owned funds. This is the sign of sound long term financial position. This position is noticible only because the schemes are old enough and have repaid their borrowings made at the begining.

TABLE NO.4.21

TABLE SHOWING FINANCIAL LEVERAGE (Debt Equity Ratio)

sr.	Name of the lift irrigation Scheme	1983	1984	198	5 198	6 1987
1.	Shri. Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kaddgaon	0.044	0.036	0.058	0.061	0.056
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	0.894	0.795	0.541	0.276	0.209
3.	Kurukali Sahakari ^P ani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	0.189	0.184	0.155	0.17	0.185
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavn Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sahshta Ltd. Bachani		0.061	0.041	0.046	0.026
5.	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali	0.587	0.548	0.471	0.424	0.386

The ratios shown in the table No. 4.21 have been developed by establishing relationship between debts and share holders funds (debts/shareholders funds). As debts are relatively less except the lift irrigation schemes from village Sadoli and Kothali But at the same time their ratio is declining which shows they are speedily repaying the debts. Rest of the irrigation scheme are enjoying less interest liability.

TABLE NO.4.22

TABLE SHOWING OPERATING EFFICIENCY

(Figures in percentage) Sr. Name of cooperative lift 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 No. irrigation Schemes. 1. Shri Hanuman Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali 16 18 19 Ltd. Kandgaon 15 22 2. Sadoli Khalasa Pani Sahakari Pani Purvatha Handali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa 20 21 21 23 23 Kurukali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha 19 19 21 Ltd. Kurukali 21 24 Shri, Kedarling Bhairavnath Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani 25 25 24 26 24 6 Kothali Sahakari Pani Puravatha Mandali Ltd. Kothali 18 18 19 19 18

Above table No. 4.22 shows that in case of all of the schemes are operating their assets to earn revenue in the range between 15% to 26,% for in other words in Rupee invested minimum earns a revenue of fiften paise and maximum 26%. Which is not at all a bad signe for arganisations engaged in rendering services like lift irrigation.

TABLE NO.4.23

TAB	TABLE SHOWING WORKING CAPITAL OF SELECTED FIVE COOPERATIVE LIFT					
	IRRIGATIO	N SCHEN	<u> 198</u>			\
		.		(Figure	s in R	2.2
Sr.		1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
1.	Pani Purvatha Mandali					
	Ltd. Kandgaon	281140	148107	150328	99336	124179
2.	Sadoli Khalasa Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd. Sadoli Khalasa	133053	130877	66606	160 495	197010
3.	Kurukali Sahakari ^P ani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Kurukali	197609	206829	239234	156715	155438
4.	Shri. Kedarling Bhairavna Sahakari Pani Purvatha Sanstha Ltd. Bachani		115404	120591	193367	132225
6	Kothali Sahakari Pani Purvatha Mandali Ltd.					

The above table shows all of the lift irragation schemes covered in the study have enough amount of working capital as a result routine operations will not be held up on account of shortage of working capital and credit rating in the market will be good.

Kothali

402787 480536 339701 407223 450594

CONCLUSION

On observing the financial performance it can be easily concluded that all of the lift irrigation schemes have registered good financial performance and successful in utilising there assets for providing maximum irrigation services to the farmers, registering increasing trend in bringing more and more land under irrigation with adequate amount of profit earnings.